

Performance Evaluation of the Upgraded BAMs... ...at FLASH

... with a compact overview of the BAM, the interfacing systems & a short outlook for 2019.

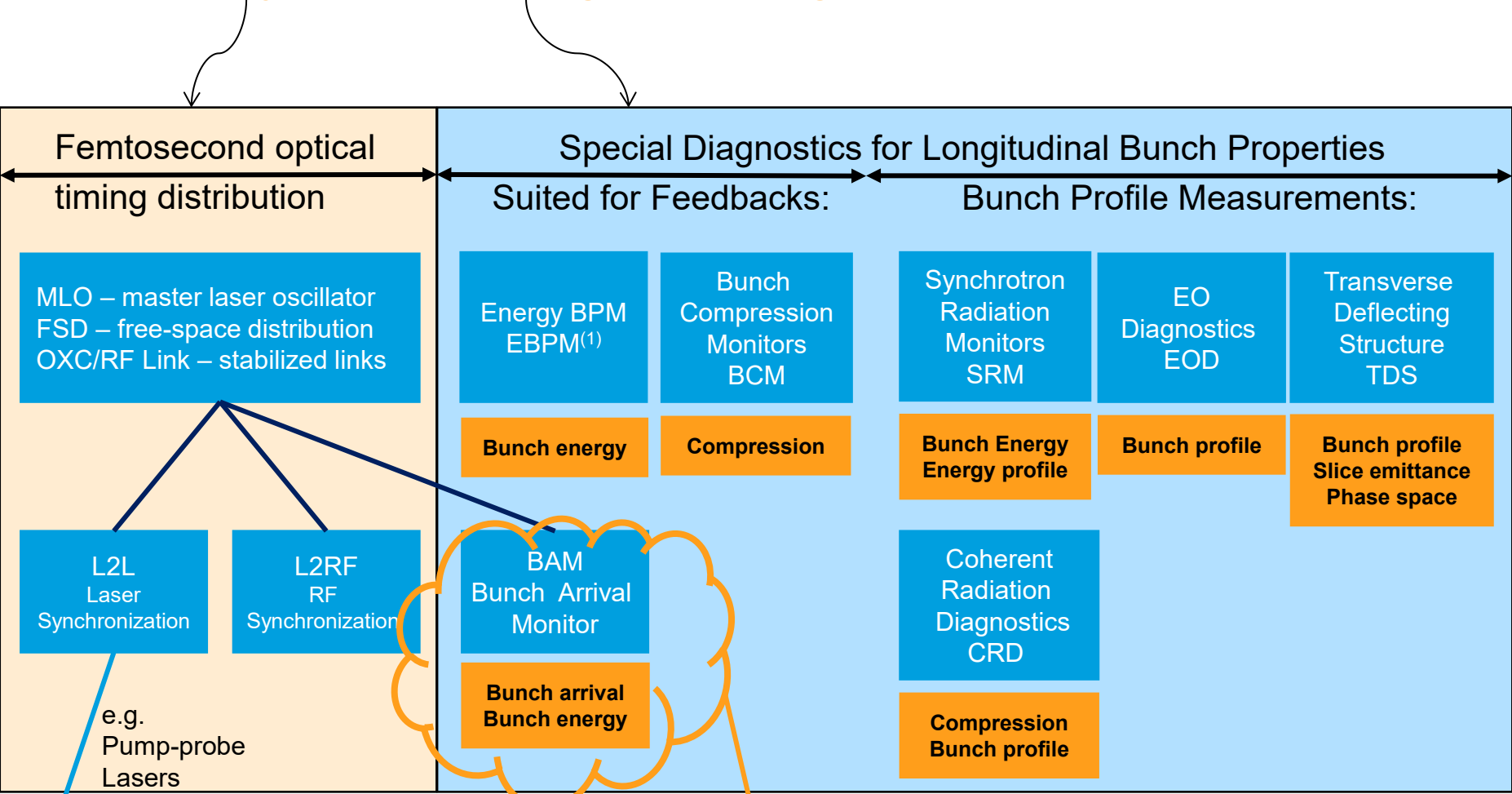
Marie K. Czwalinna

On behalf of the Special Diagnostics team and many others at MSK

05/02/2019 – FEL Seminar (30b/459)

Organizational Diagram

Responsibilities of LbSync Team and SDiag Team in the group MSK (Maschine Strahlkontrollen)



Konrad Przygodai,
Uros Mavric,
Michael Fenner,
Frank Ludwig, ...
(Hardware)

Lukasz Butkowski,
(Radoslaw Rybaniec),
Jan Marjanovic, ...
(Firmware)

Martin Killenberg,
Jens Georg,
Martin Hierholzer,
Nadeem Shezad, ...
(Software)

Sven Pfeiffer,
Christian Schmidt,
Björn Lautenschlager
(Beam-based FB, LLRF) Jan Roever,
Martin Schäfer
(Construction)

B. Steffen,
+ ?
(SDiag)

Email: lbsync-expert@desy.de
Phone: Mueller (9-2832)

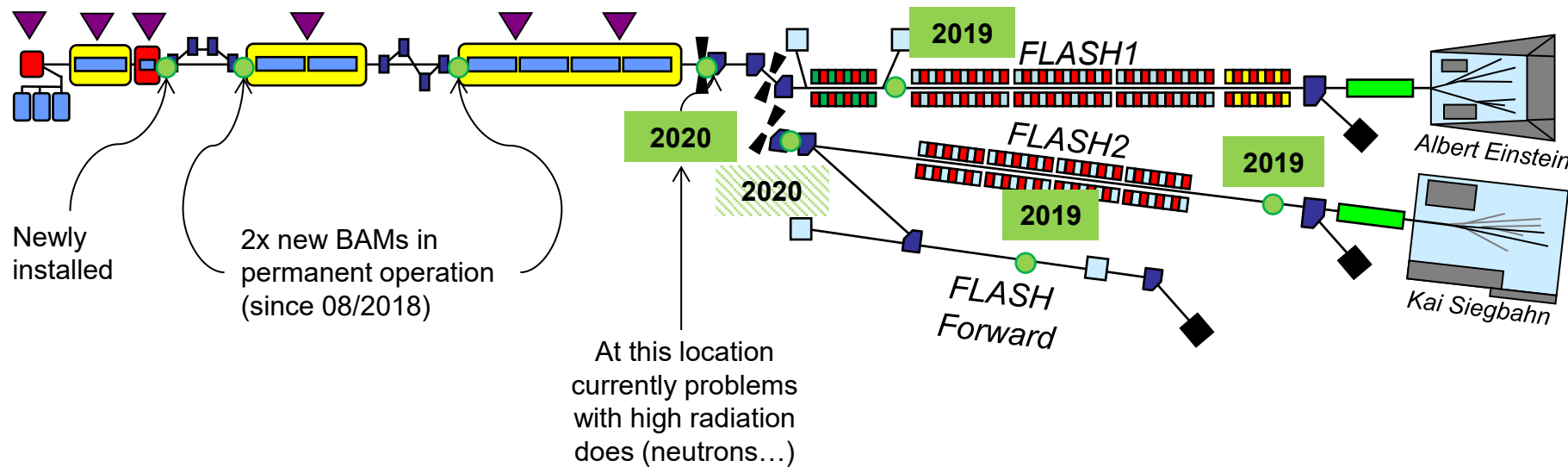
Email: sdiag@desy.de
Phone: Czwalinna (9-2912) or Gerth (9-4841)

BAMs at FLASH

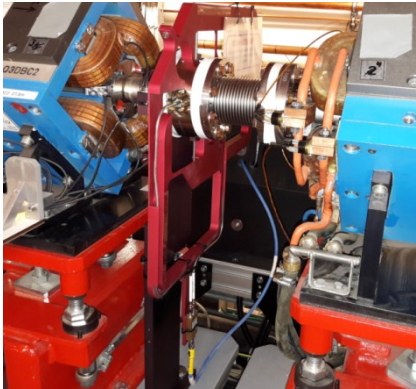
Locations and Status

● = Since 07/2018 all BAM locations at FLASH equipped with 40GHz pickups.

1UBC2	3DBC2	4DBC3	15ACC7	(FL2EXTR)	1SFELC	7FLFMAFF	8FL2BURN
22m	27m	85m	138m	-	185m	203m	243m



RF Frontend at beamline:



“BAM-box” with EO modulator MTCA.4 crate (2HE) with ADCs.

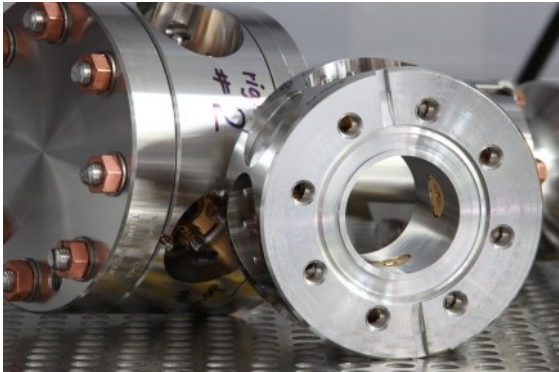


→ BAM is dependent on the progress of the upgrade of the Laser-based Synchronization System. → refer to Jost’s talk.

BAM: Overview

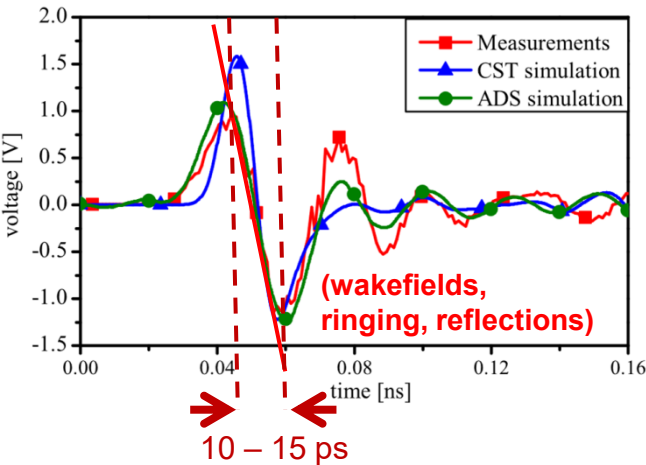
BAM Working Principle

2) RF-Pickups detect Electrical Field of electron bunch: Non-invasive, bunch-resolved



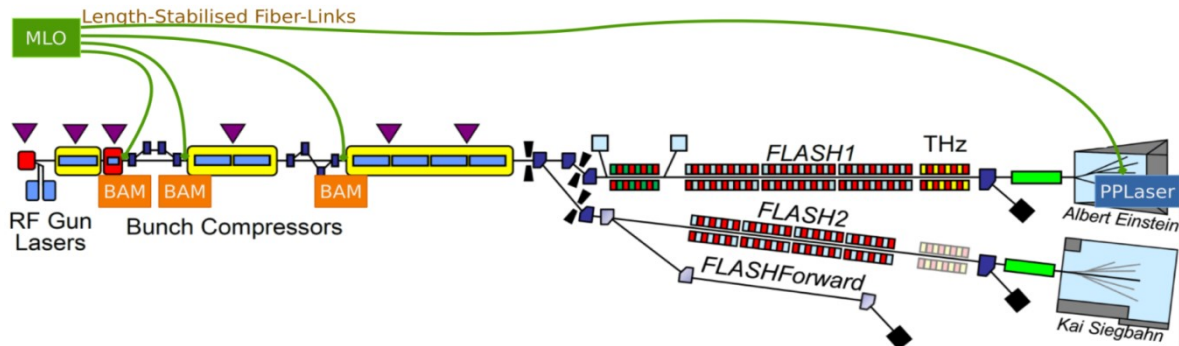
BW = 40 GHz

RF Signal of 1 bunch in time domain:
Charge dependent slope: @20pC > 0.3 mV/fs



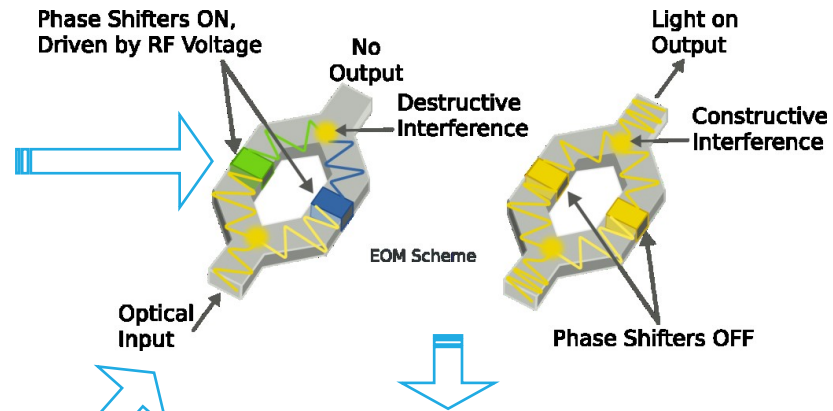
Ref.: PHYSICAL REVIEW STAB, 18, 012801 (2015)
A.Angelovski, M.Kuntzsch, M.K.Czwalinna, et al.

1) Laser-based Synchronization System: Laser pulses (216 MHz) as timing reference with fs precision via length-stabilized fibers



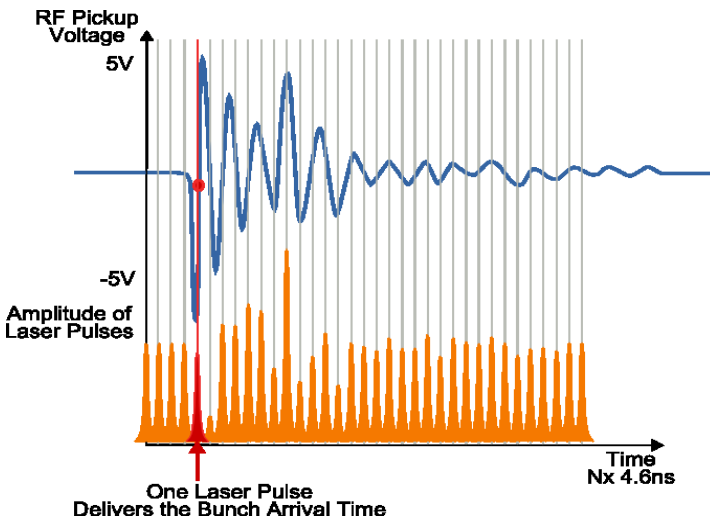
3) Electro-Optic Modulator (commercial)

Transfer timing/phase variation of the bunch RF signal into an amplitude modulation of a laser pulse.



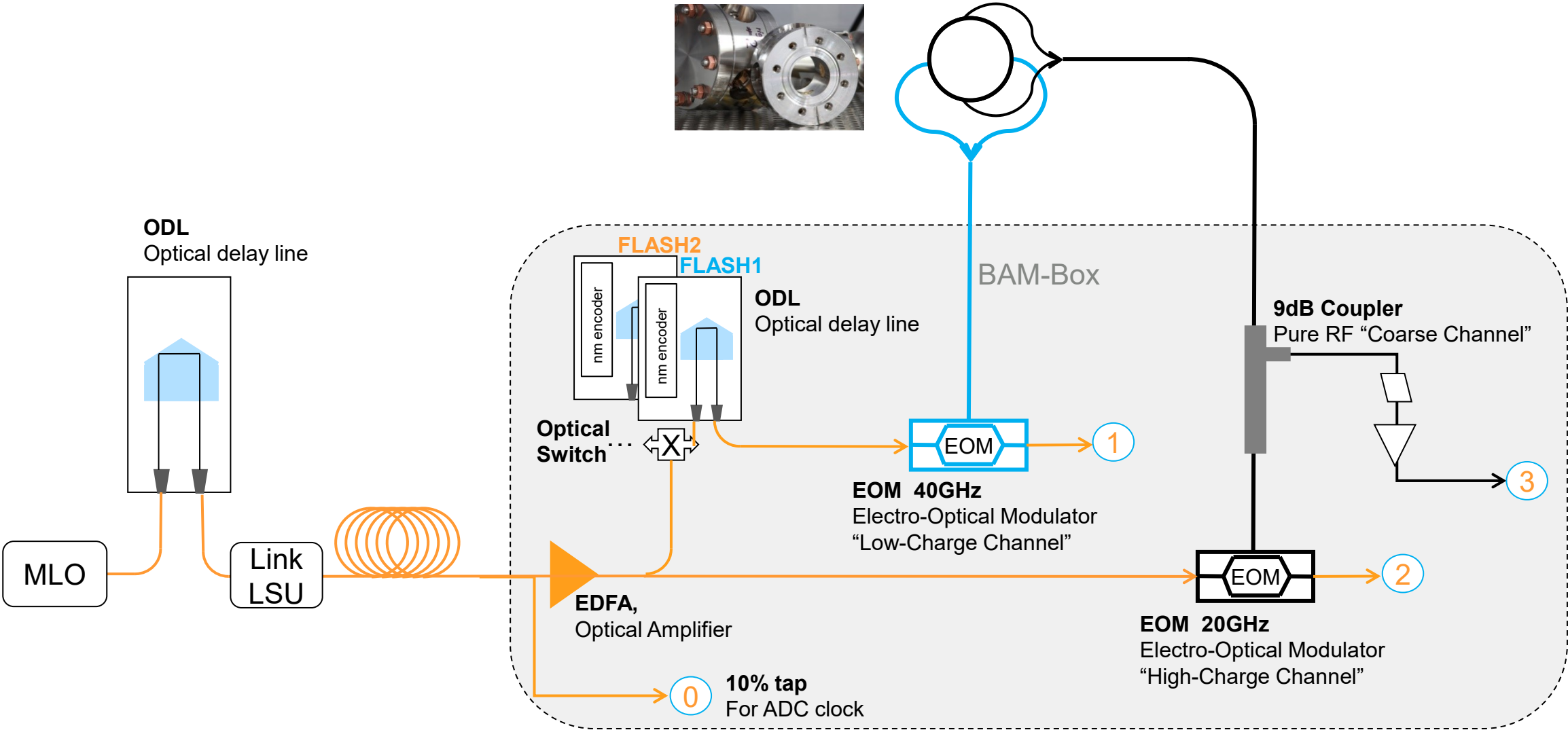
4) Bunch Arrival Time

Sampling of amplitude modulation with fast ADCs.



BAM: System

Components

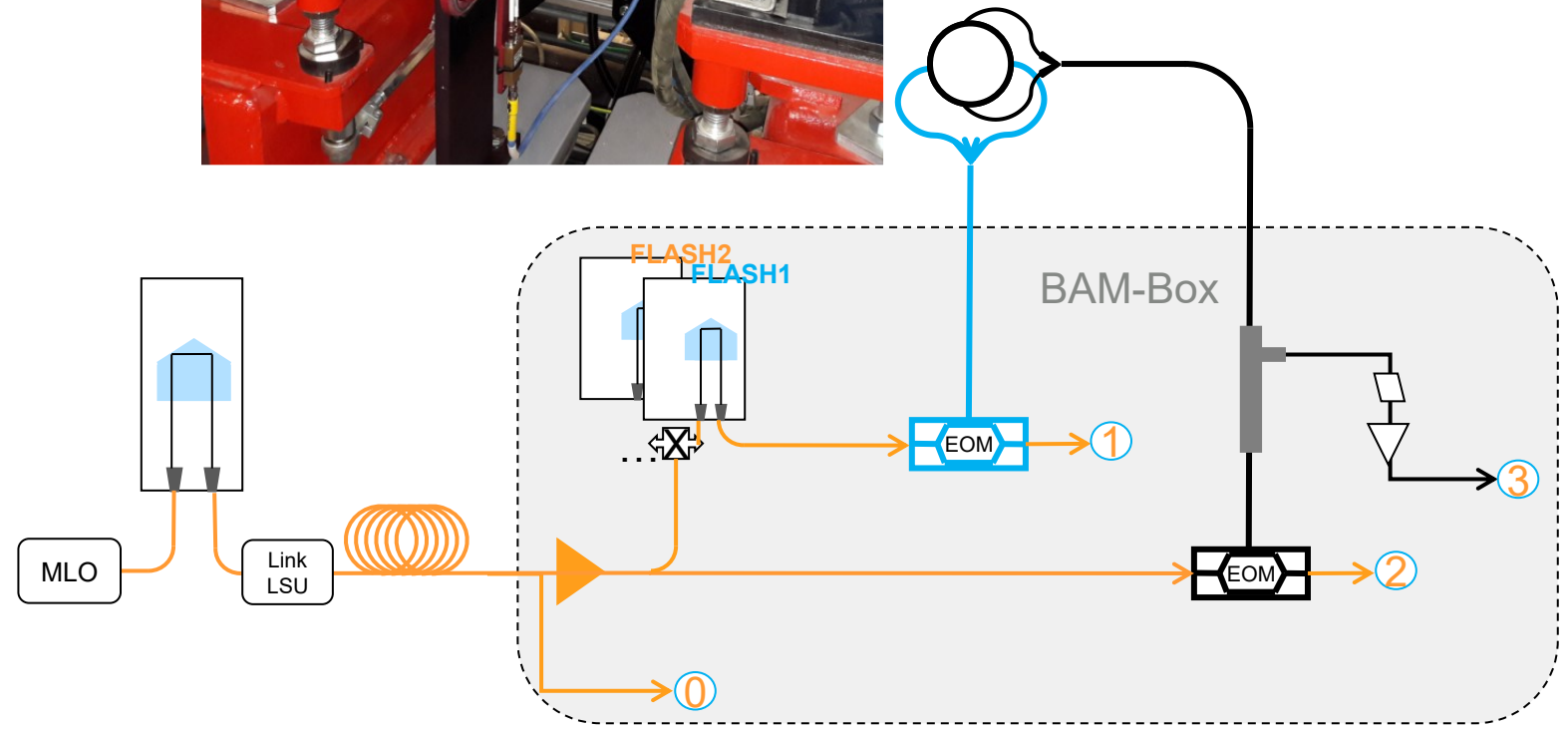
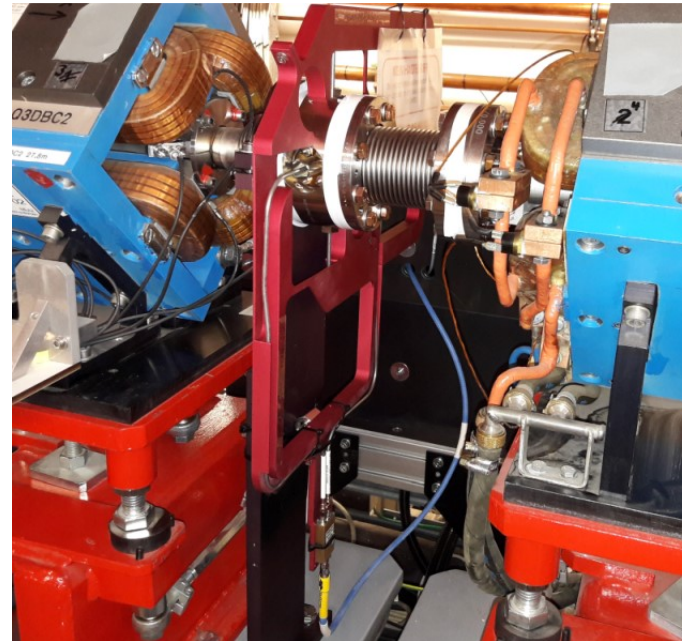


BAM: System

Components

BAM-Box

- ... temperature regulation (Peltiers) + passive humidity stabilisation
- ... laser diode driver
- ... voltage control and read-back
- ... humidity & temperature sensors

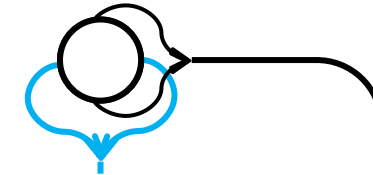


BAM: System

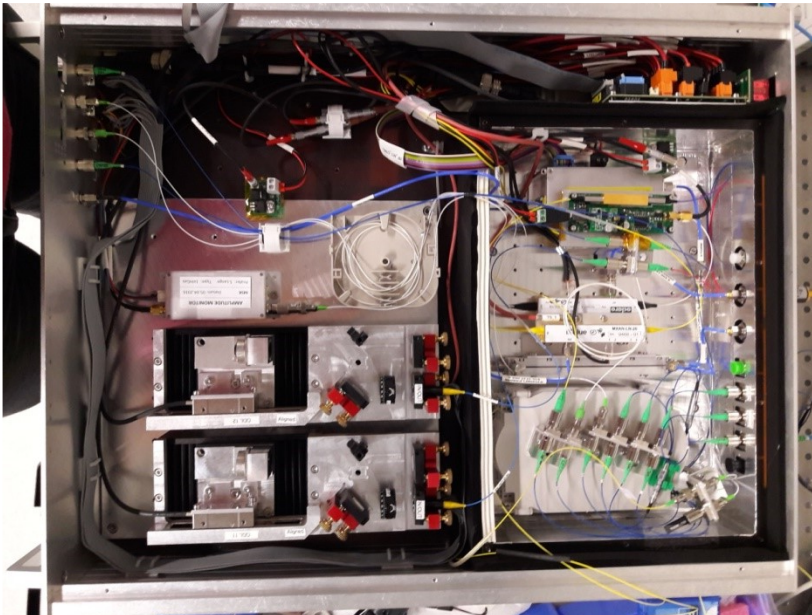
Components

BAM-Box

- ... temperature regulation (Peltiers) + passive humidity stabilisation
- ... laser diode driver
- ... voltage control and read-back
- ... humidity & temperature sensors



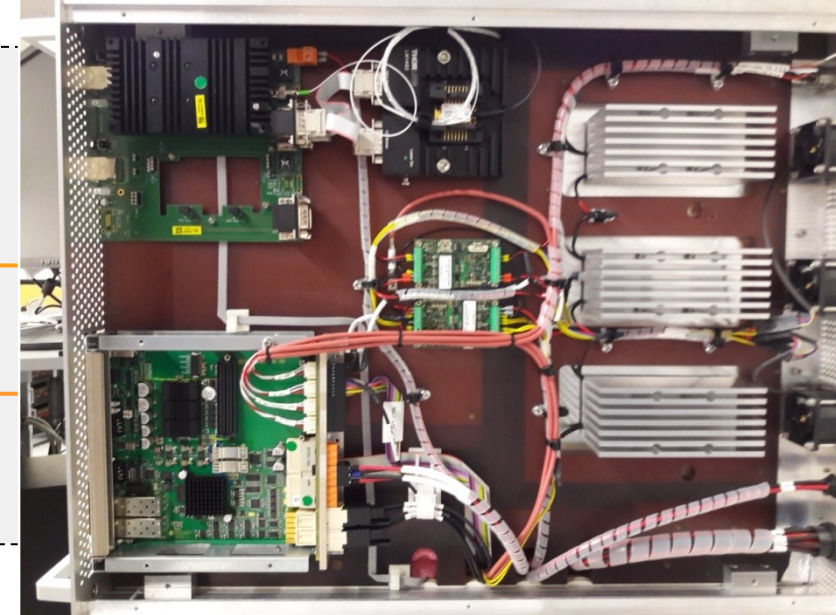
Top view, thermo-box openend



Top view, thermo-box closed



Bottom view



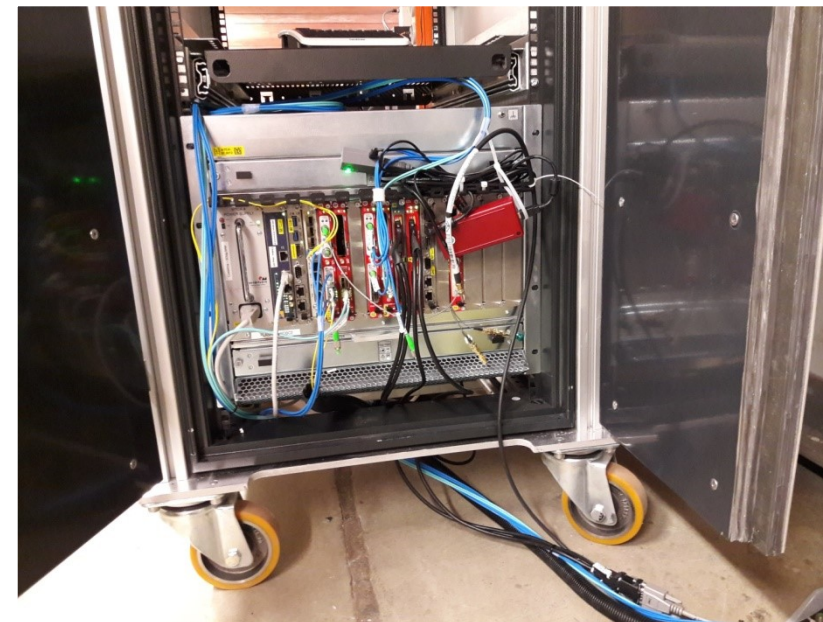
BAM: System

Components

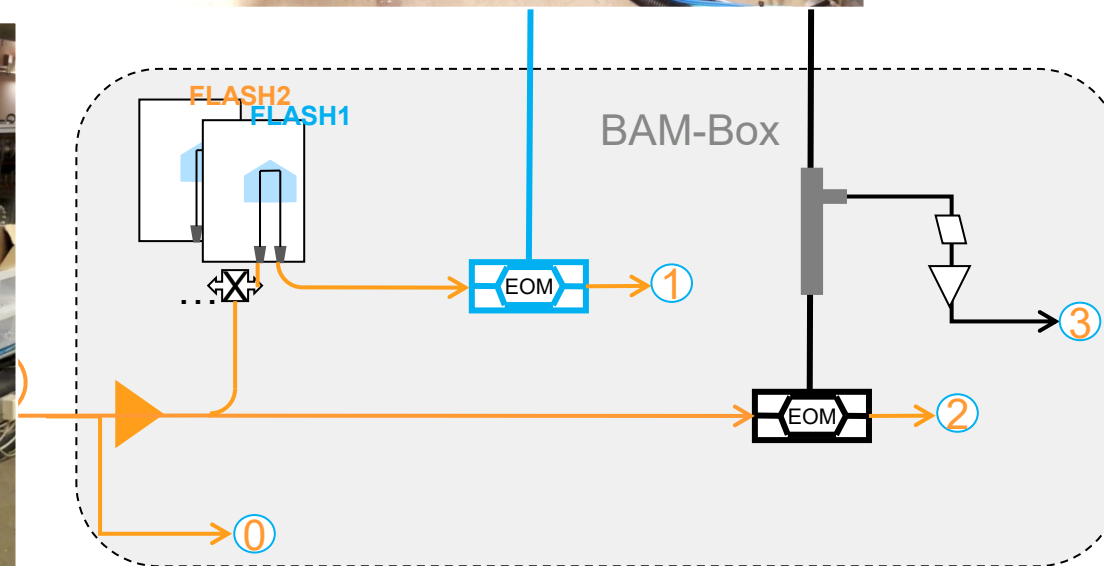
BAM-Box

- ... temperature regulation (Peltiers) + passive humidity stabilisation
- ... laser diode driver
- ... voltage control and read-back
- ... humidity & temperature sensors

Powersupply + “BAM-box”
in shielded rack (1UBC2).



MTCA crate for 2x
BAMs & space for
1x BCM



BAM: System

Commissioning with beam

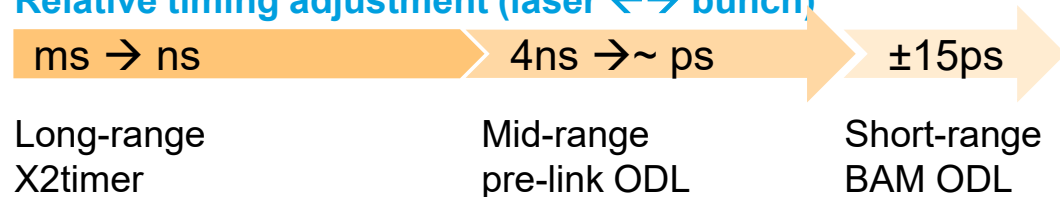
Preparing a BAM system for beam operation

- ... temperature regulation required and needs to run stable
- ... set up optical amplifier
- ... check EOM transmission and set to 50%
- ... scan and set ADC clocks
- ... fine tune signal level on ADCs

Dynamic Range 3-4ps only!

Requires automation for keeping or retrieving the operation point

Relative timing adjustment (laser \leftrightarrow bunch)



BAM: System

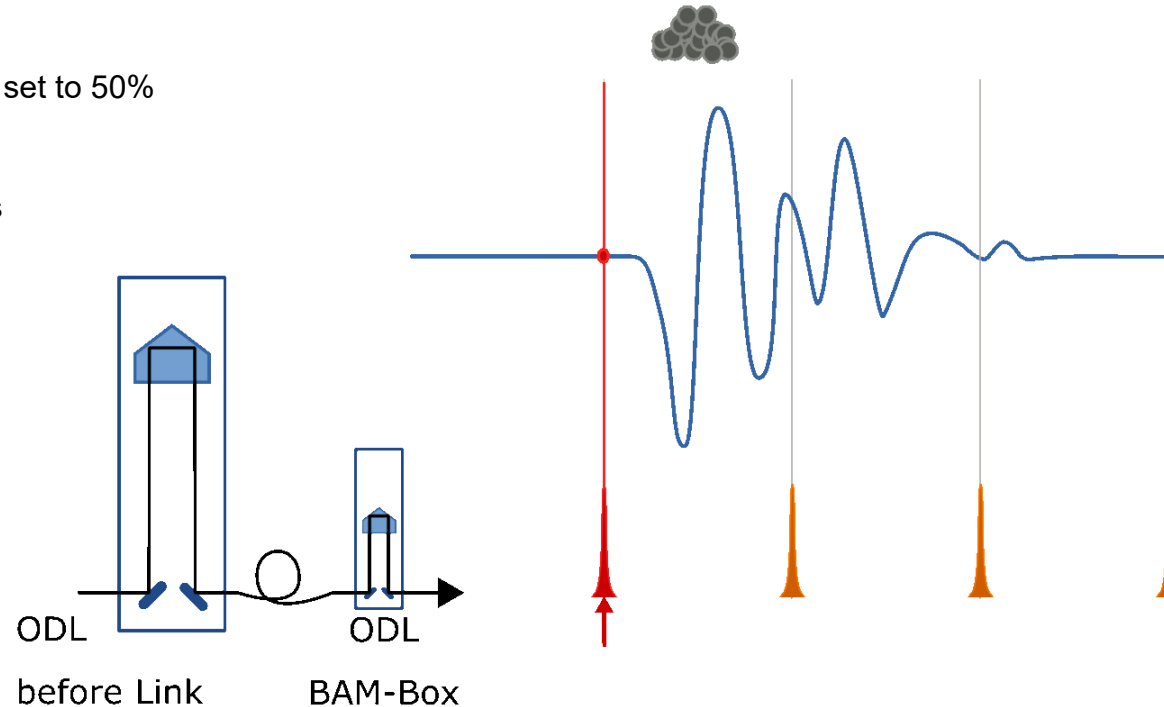
Commissioning with beam

Preparing a BAM system for beam operation

- ... temperature regulation required and needs to run stable
- ... set up optical amplifier
- ... check EOM transmission and set to 50%
- ... scan and set ADC clocks
- ... fine tune signal level on ADCs

Dynamic Range 1 - 4ps only!

Requires automation for keeping or retrieving the operation point



Relative timing adjustment (laser \leftrightarrow bunch)

ms \rightarrow ns

4ns \rightarrow ~ ps

± 15 ps

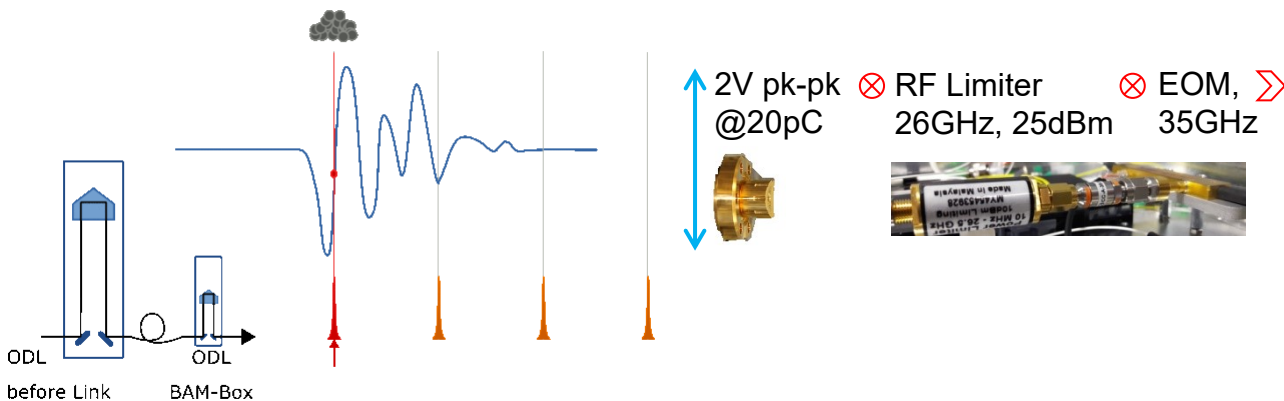
Long-range
X2timer

Mid-range
pre-link ODL

Short-range
BAM ODL

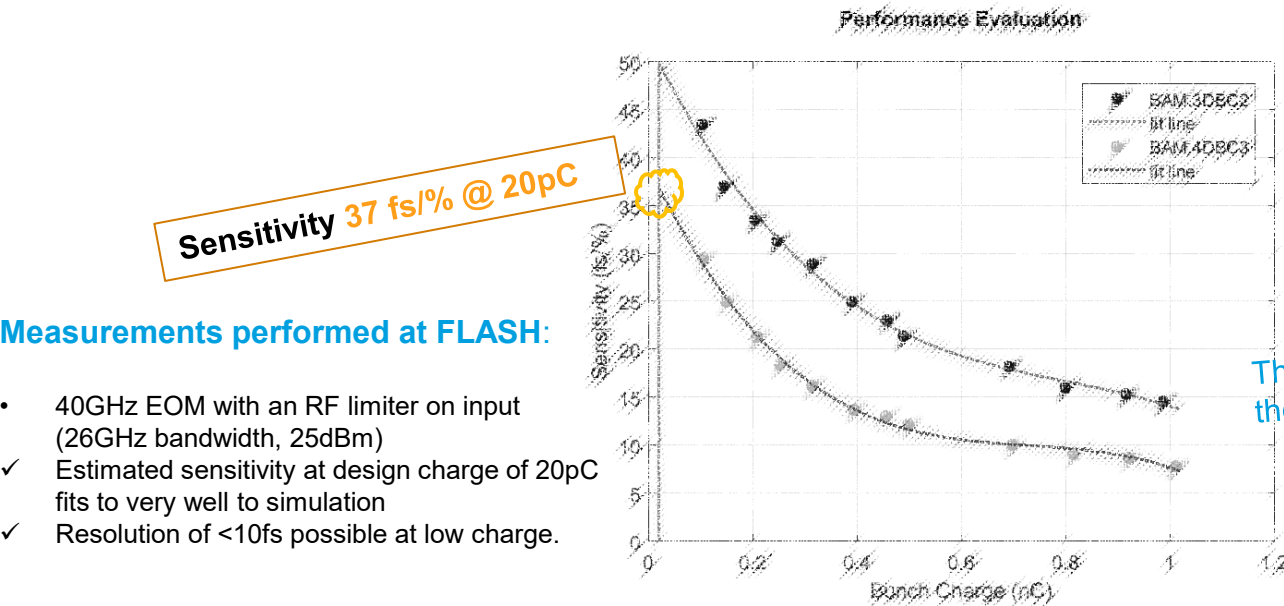
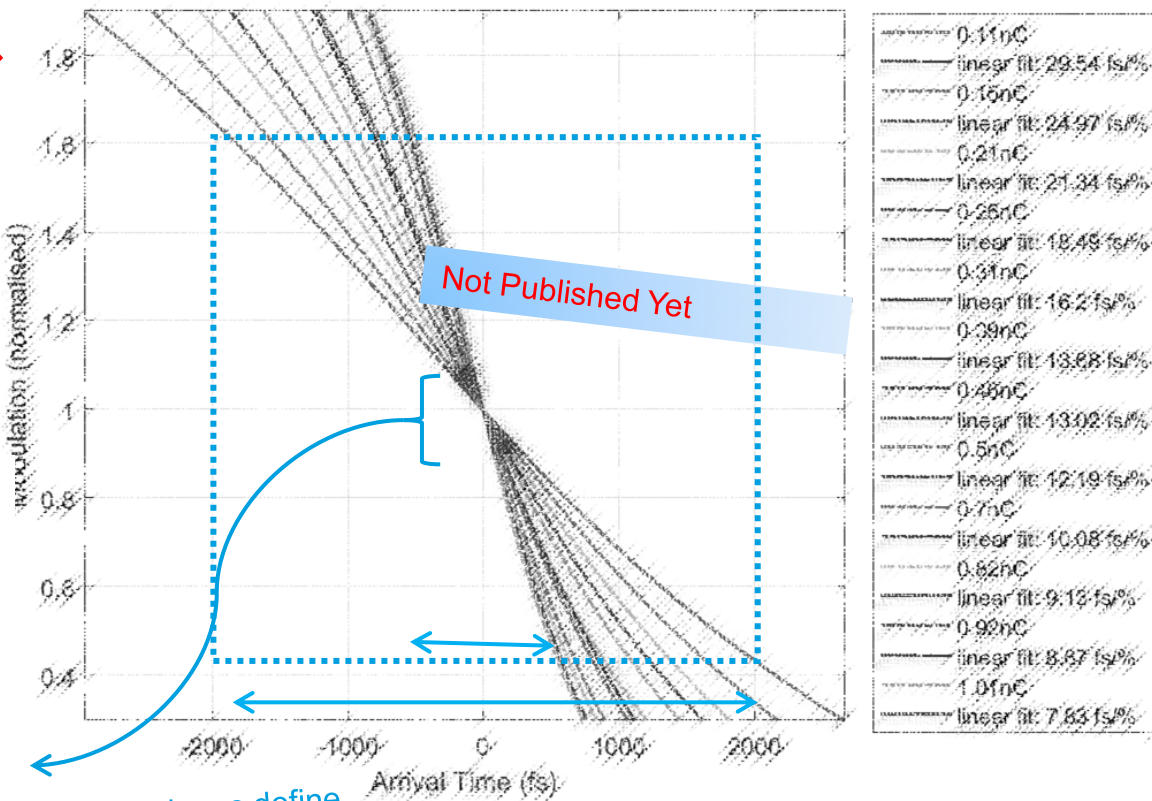
BAM: Signal Scan @FLASH

Sensitivity of arrival time detection & its charge calibration



Electro-Optical measurement of BAM signal:

Dynamic Range Signal (BAM 40BEC3)



Measurements performed at FLASH:

- 40GHz EOM with an RF limiter on input (26GHz bandwidth, 25dBm)
- ✓ Estimated sensitivity at design charge of 20pC fits to very well to simulation
- ✓ Resolution of <10fs possible at low charge.

These linear slopes define the sensitivity of the BAM

Dynamic Range 1 - 4ps only!

Polynomial Parameter (4th or 5th order)
→ look-up table for charge dependent slope change
→ upgrade: should be described with a steady parameterized function

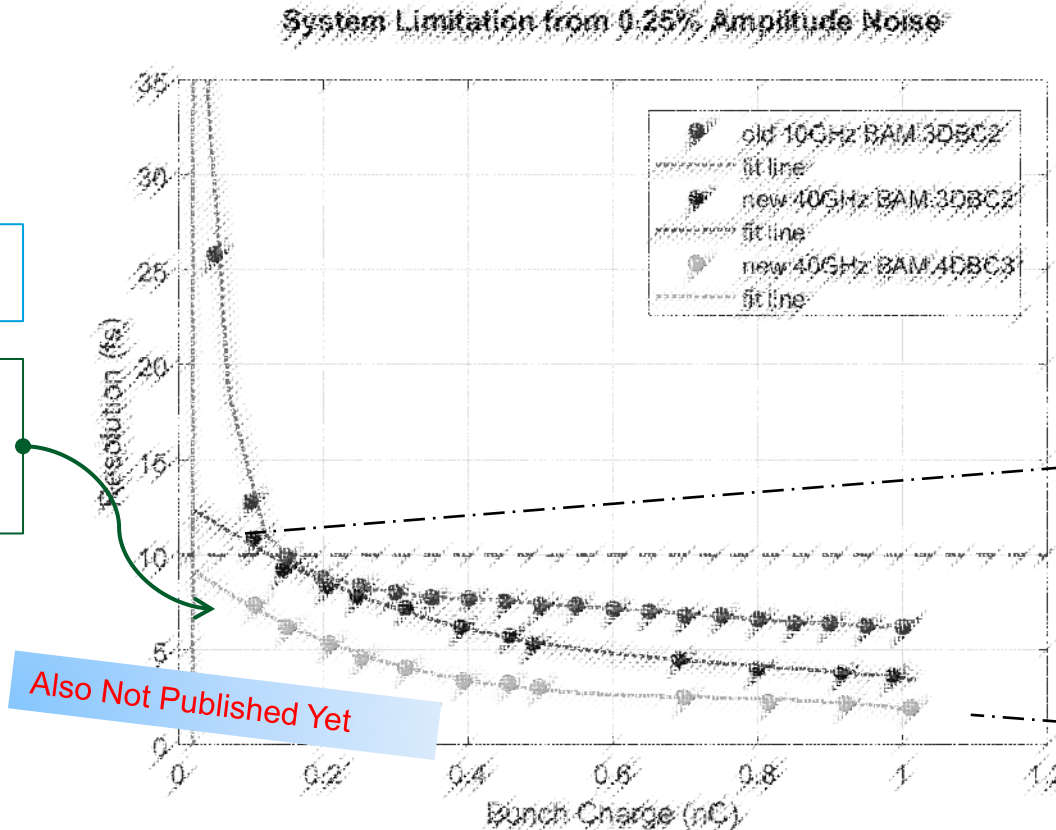
BAM: Time Resolution

Comparison to old BAMs & system limitations

Resolution = Sensitivity • Accuracy
(dynamic property)

Sensitivity is charge dependent:
< 37 fs/% @ 20pC

Accuracy depends on signal readout
(amplitude noise, EO modulator, ADC, ..)
Currently best performance:
 $2.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$



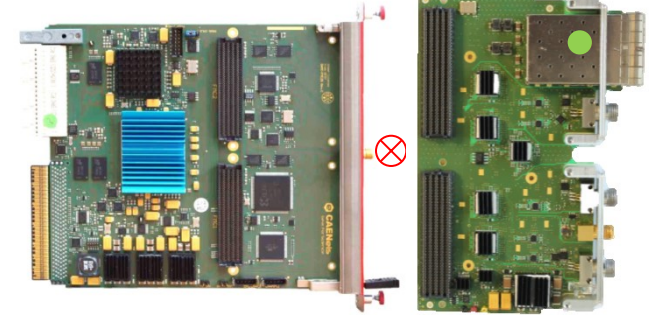
Also Not Published Yet

Resolution of better than 10 fs
over large bunch charge range.

Read-Out Electronics

DESY, AMC FMC25

FMC DSBAM,
customised by DESY



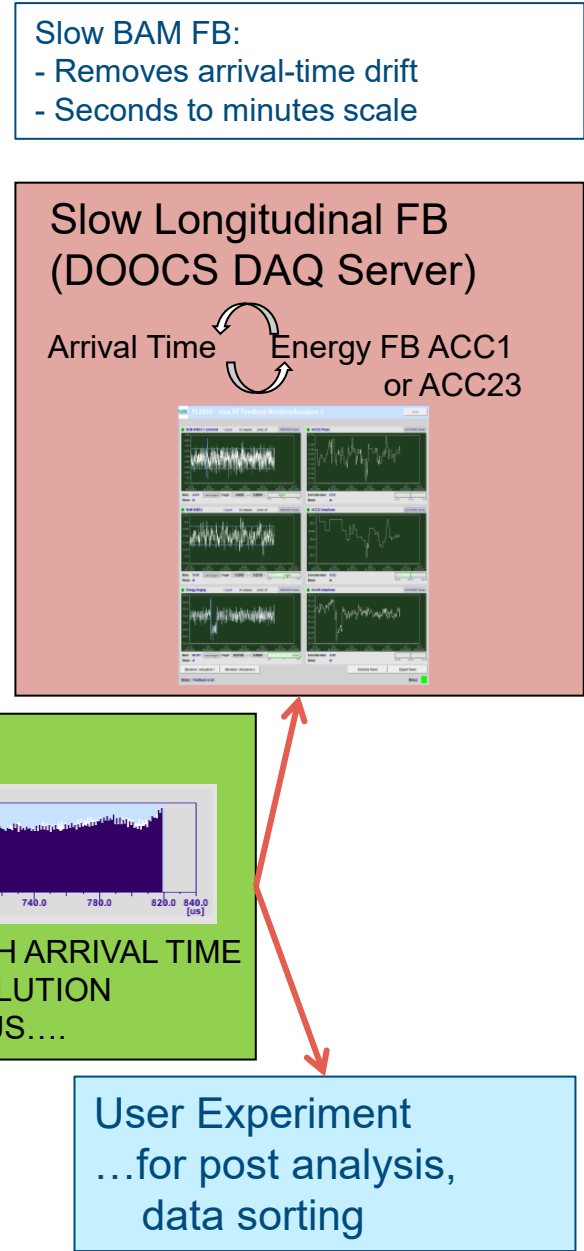
Amplitude Noise is the new limiting factor

Under investigation:

proportion of contribution from

- ... Optical noise in the links of synchronization signal
- ... optical fiber amplifiers,
- ... optical noise in the BAM EO-frontend
- ... electronic noise on the BAM read-out card (photodiode, amplifier, ADC, clock jitter, cross-talk, ...)

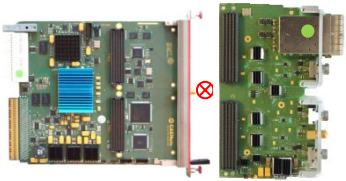
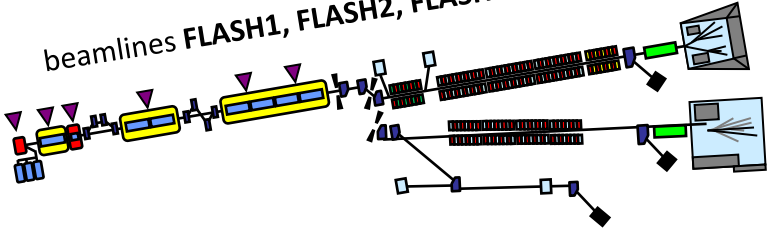
Monitoring, feedback operation and post analysis of timing jitter



Outlook

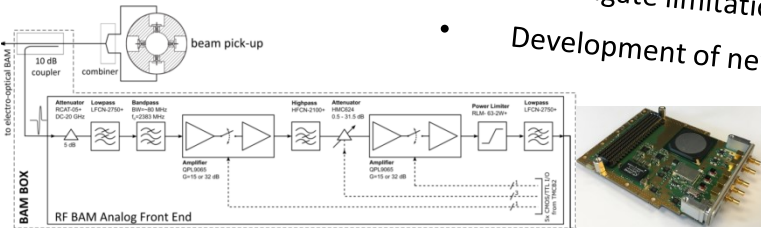
Activities planned for this year

3) Prepare installation of 2-3 further BAMs :
beamlines FLASH1, FLASH2, FLASHFwd



2) Hardware (with support from experts)

- Investigate limitations → revise existing hardware
- Development of new, pure RF coarse channel

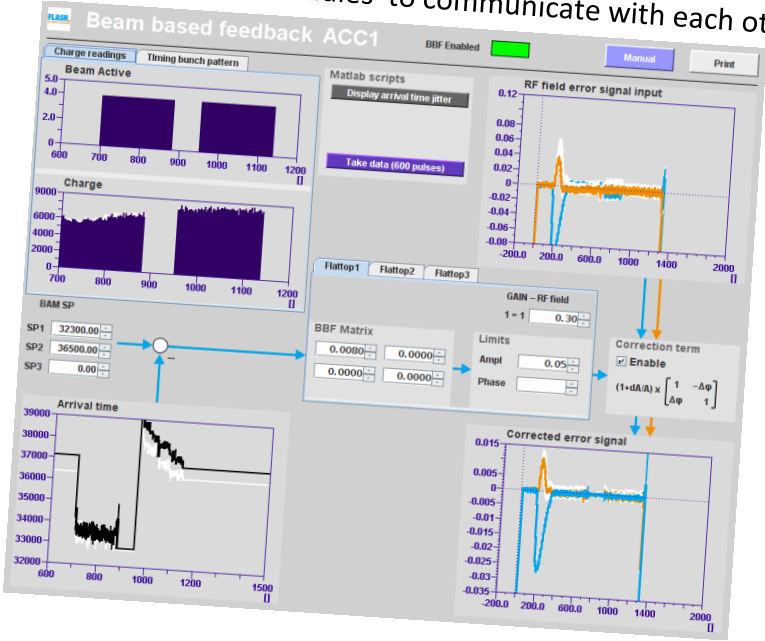


J.Zink, et al., High-Speed direct Sampling FMC, for Beam Diagnostic and Accelerator Protection Applications, Proceedings of IBIC2018, Shanghai, China

Thank you!

1) Concentrate on automation & improved algorithms

- Software / Firmware
 - Mainly additional automation required, e.g. operation of optical switch, time overlap find+retrieve
- Commission and improve Beam-Based Feedback concept
 - Parallel operation FL1, FL2 + parameter optimisation
 - Integrate BCM signals
 - Slow and fast loops, at different RF modules to communicate with each other



4) Stronger collaboration with HZDR for Diagnostics

- Concentrate on BAM + beam-based feedback activities
- later also BCM integration