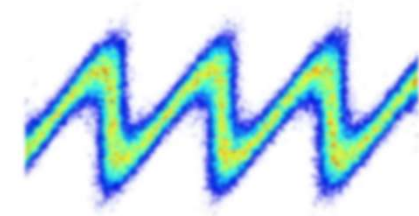


# Seeding at FLASH

*Jörn Bödewadt on behalf of the seeding team*

*FLASH Seminar 17.05.2016*



➤ *Introduction*

➤ *Recent experimental results from sFLASH*



Supported by BMBF under contract 05K13GU4  
and 05K13PE3  
DFG GrK 1355  
Joachim Herz Stiftung  
Helmholtz Accelerator R&D



Accelerator Research  
and Development (ARD)



## Short history of seeding at FLASH

- > 2007 – Design of sFLASH (direct seeding with HHG)
- > 2009 – Installation of sFLASH infrastructure
- > 2010 – Commissioning of sFLASH hardware
- > 2012 – First direct seeding at 38nm (HHG)
- > 2013 – Switch from direct seeding to HGHG (FLASH2 shutdown)
- > 2014 – Commissioning of UV beamline
- > 2015 – HGHG at 38nm
- > 2016 – HGHG < 38 nm, FEL characterization, Laser upgrade



# Seeding Team

## Machine Operation

FLASH operators

Matthias Vogt & Johann Zemella

## Laser Operation / Seed Source

Bastian Manschwetus

### Core Team

Jörn Bödewadt

Nagitha Ekanayake (left 04/2016)

Tim Plath

Theo Maltezopoulos

Christoph Lechner

Leslie L. Lazzarino

Kirsten Hacker (left 01/2016)

Armin Azima

Guangyao Feng

Martin Dohlus

Andreas Przystawik

Sergey Usenko

## Simulation

UGRD students:

Philip Amstutz

Nils Lockmann

Florian Jacobs

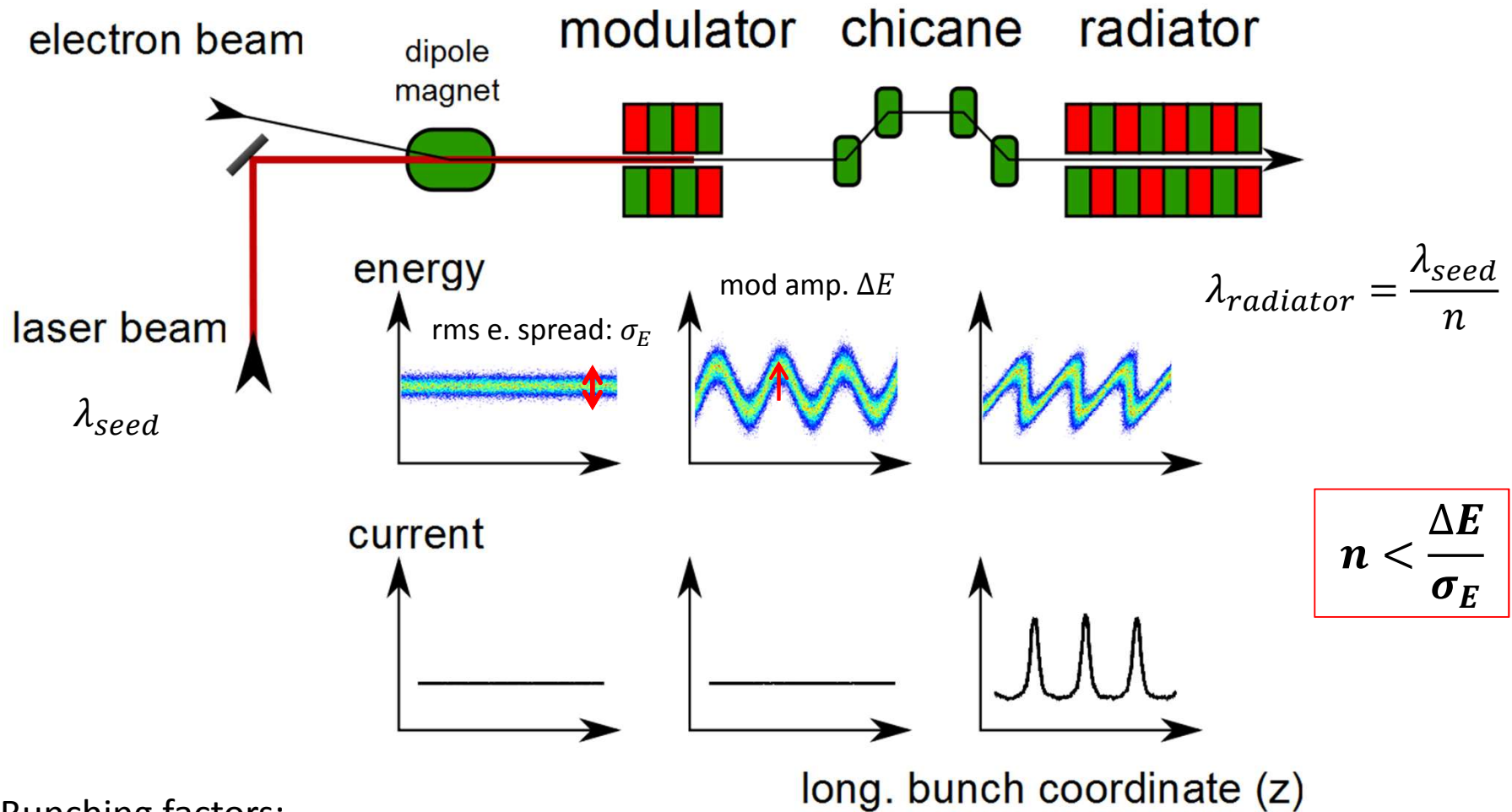
Alexander Fröhlich

## FEL characterization

DESY  
Uni HH  
TU Dortmund



# High-Gain Harmonic Generation

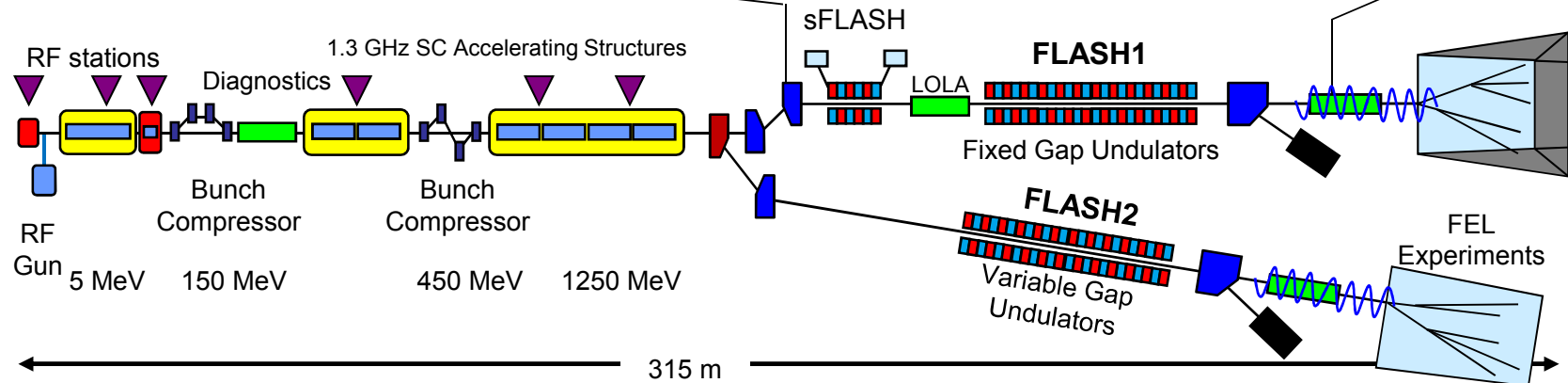
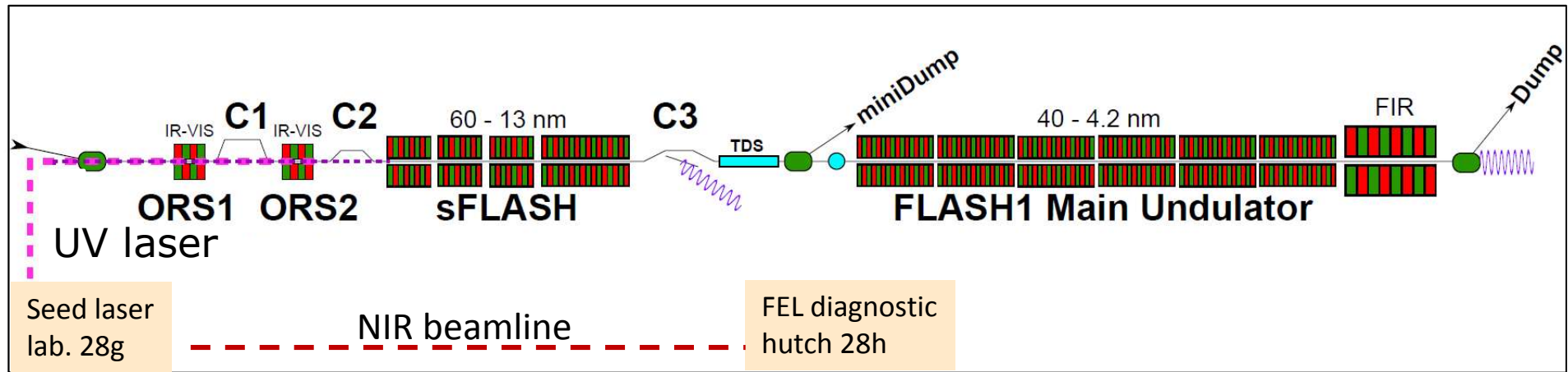


Bunching factors:

$$b_n = \exp \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(2\pi)^2 n^2 R_{56}^2 \sigma_E^2}{\lambda_{seed}^2 E_0^2} \right] \cdot J_n \left( \frac{2\pi n \Delta E R_{56}}{\lambda E_0} \right)$$

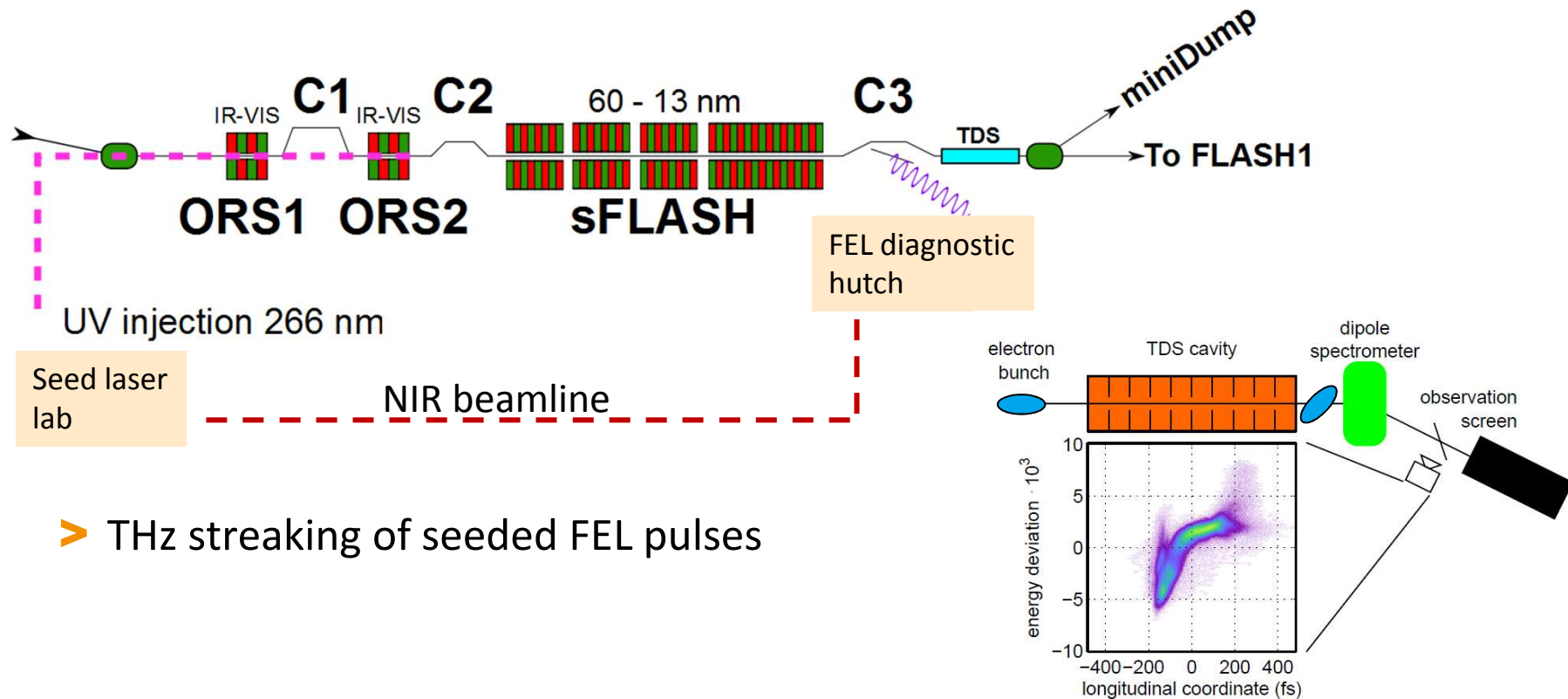
# Seeding at FLASH

## > Overview of FLASH1 beamline



# Temporal diagnostics

- Transverse deflecting structure (TDS) and electron beam spectrometer is installed downstream of the sFLASH radiator
- Mapping of longitudinal phase space distribution into transverse coordinates



- THz streaking of seeded FEL pulses

# Outline

## > Beam based alignment / Beam optics setup

- Straight orbit in seed section

## > Optics compensation

## > Bunch compression studies

- Simultaneous operation of FLASH2 and sFLASH
- Microbunch instabilities

## > 7<sup>th</sup> harmonic HGHG operation and characterization

- LOLA studies
- THz streaking

## > Outlook



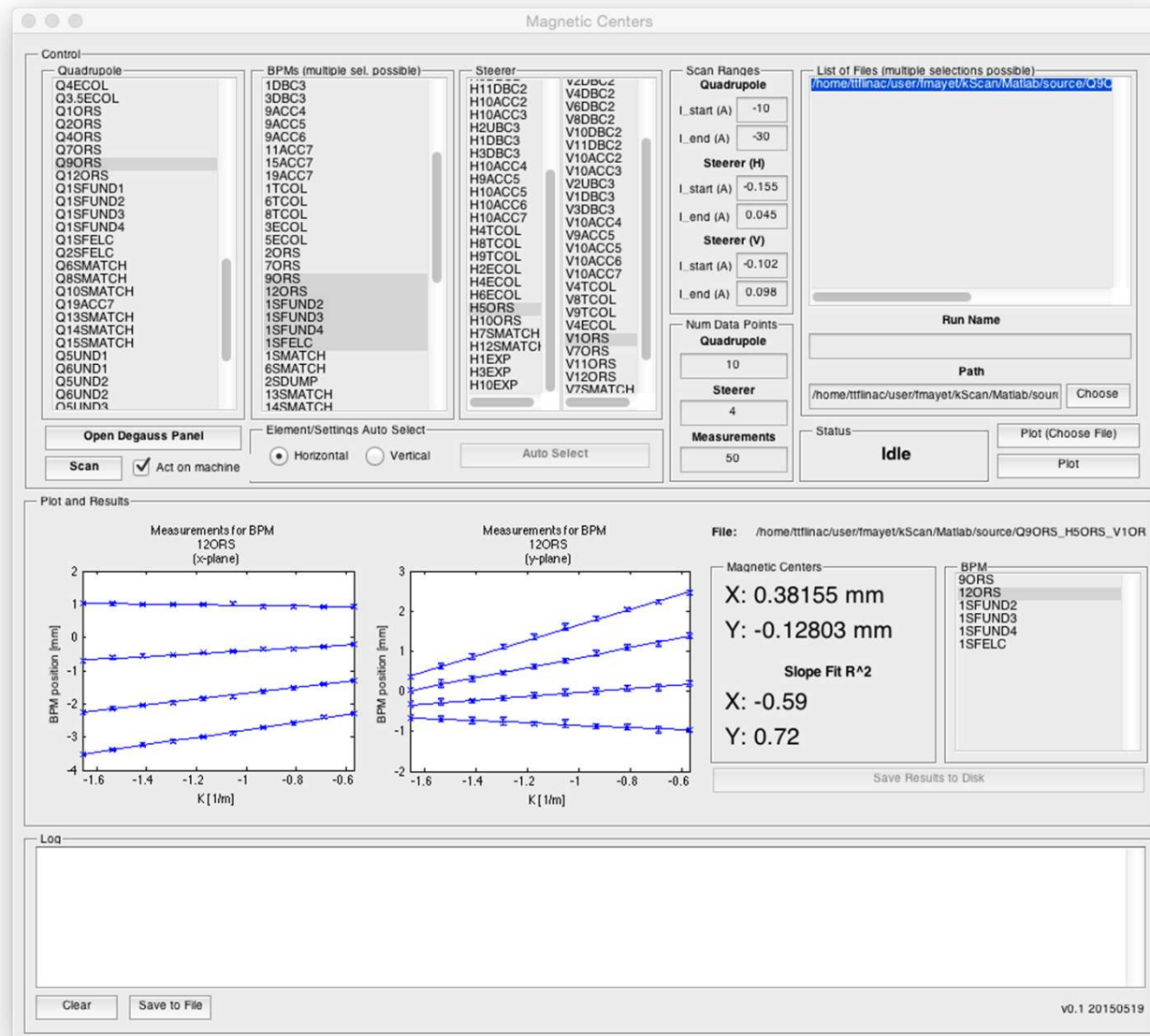
# *Beam based alignment / Beam optics setup*





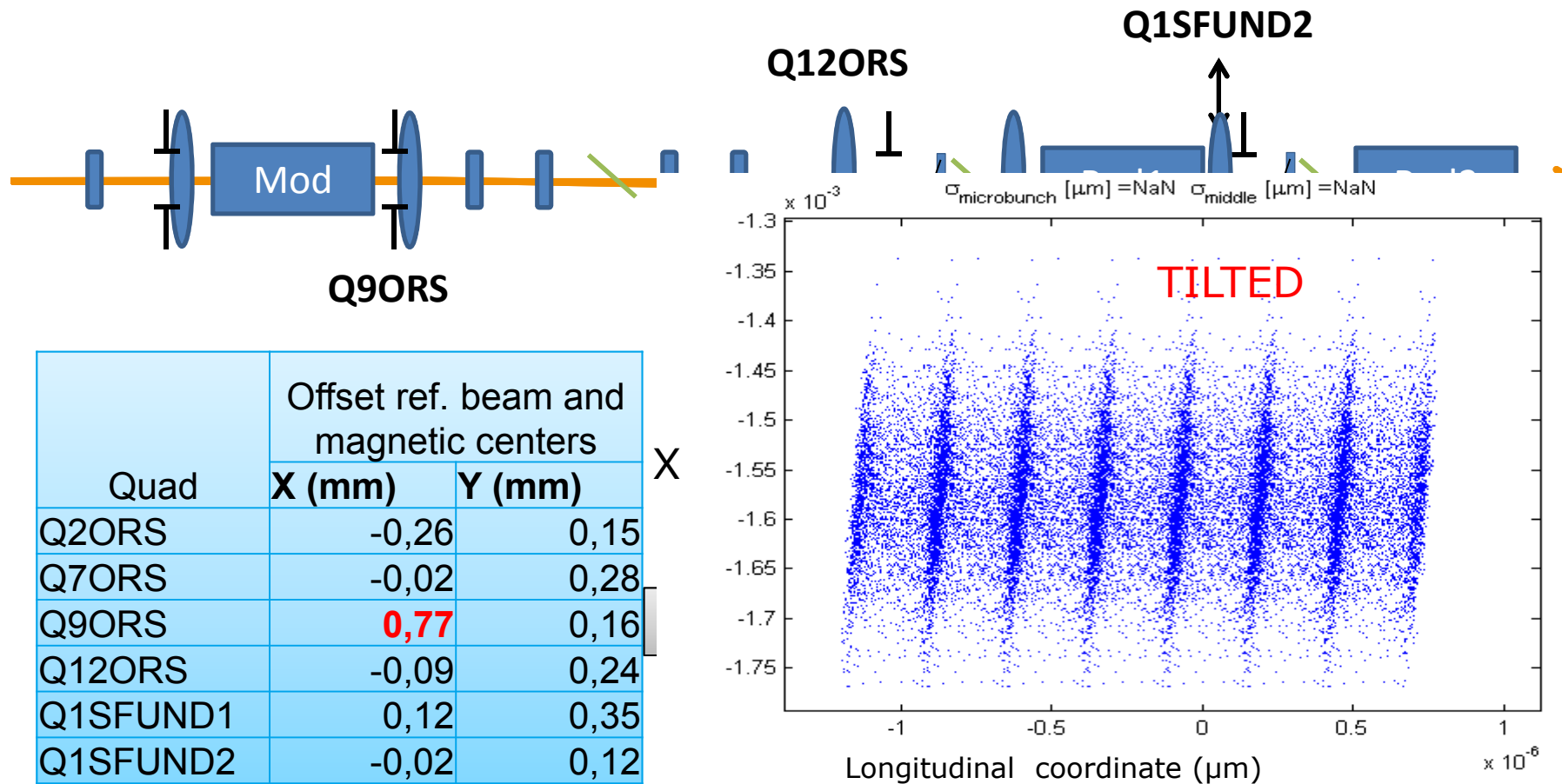
# Beam based alignment

## ➤ Quad scan tool (by F. Mayet and T. Plath)



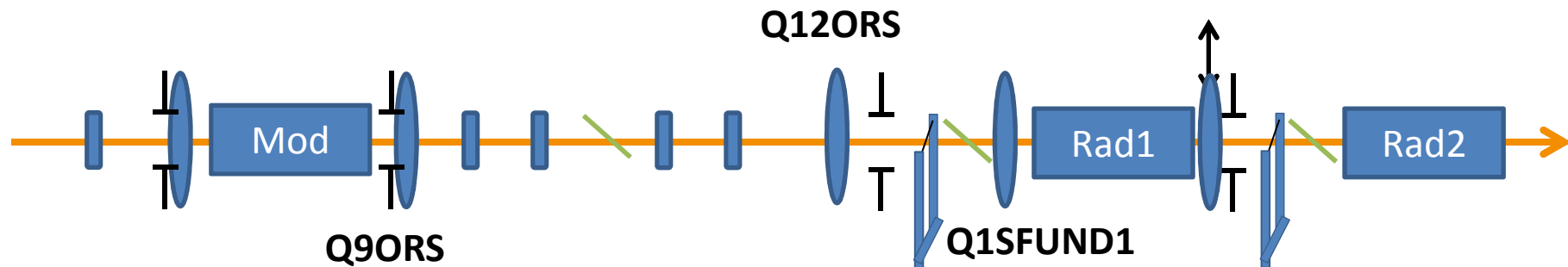
# Beam based alignment of seed section

- Checking the quadrupole position using beam-based alignment we observed significant misalignment of quadrupoles between the modulator and radiator.



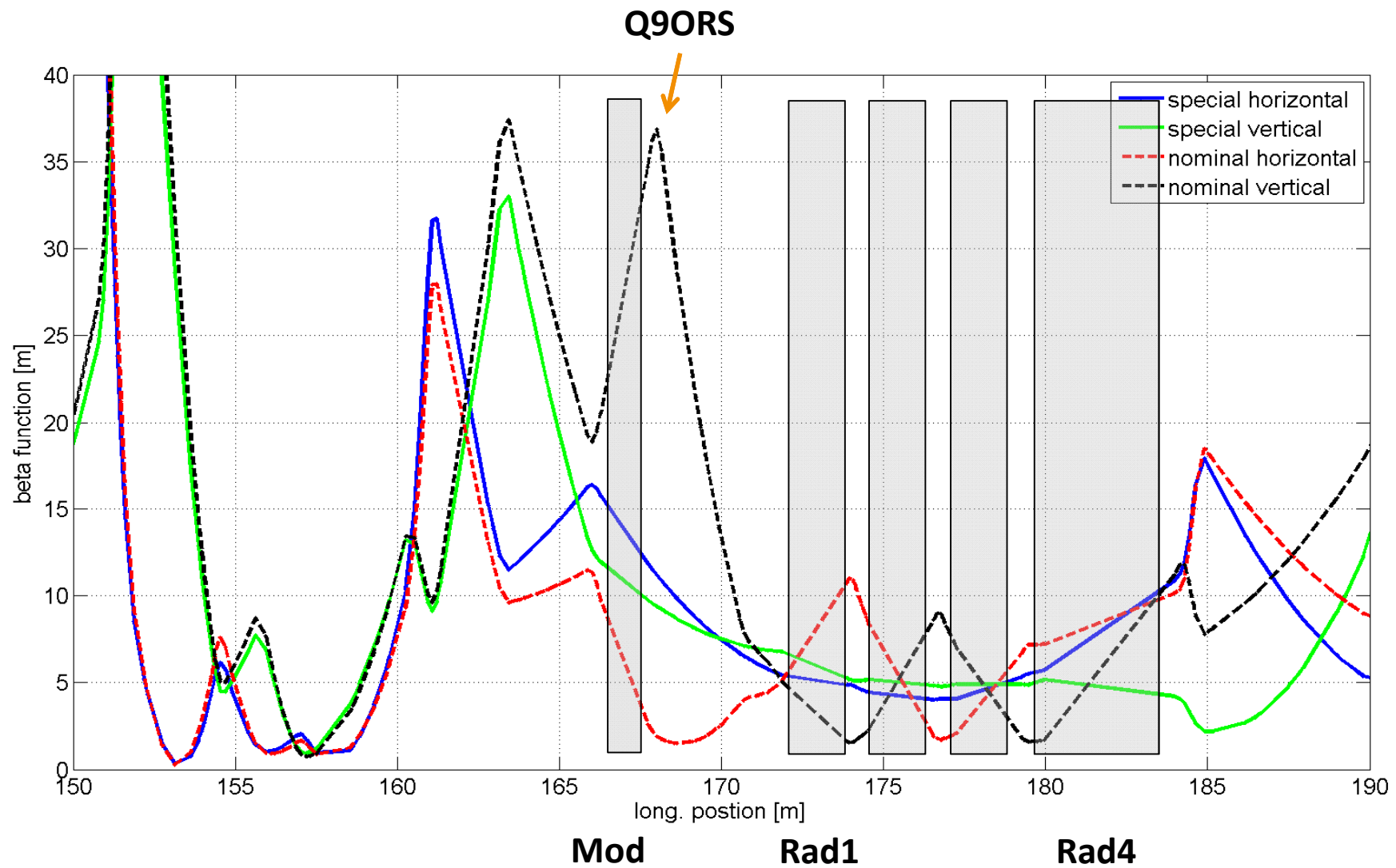
## Beam based alignment of seed section

- Checking the quadrupole position using beam-based alignment we observed significant misalignment of quadrupoles between the modulator and radiator.

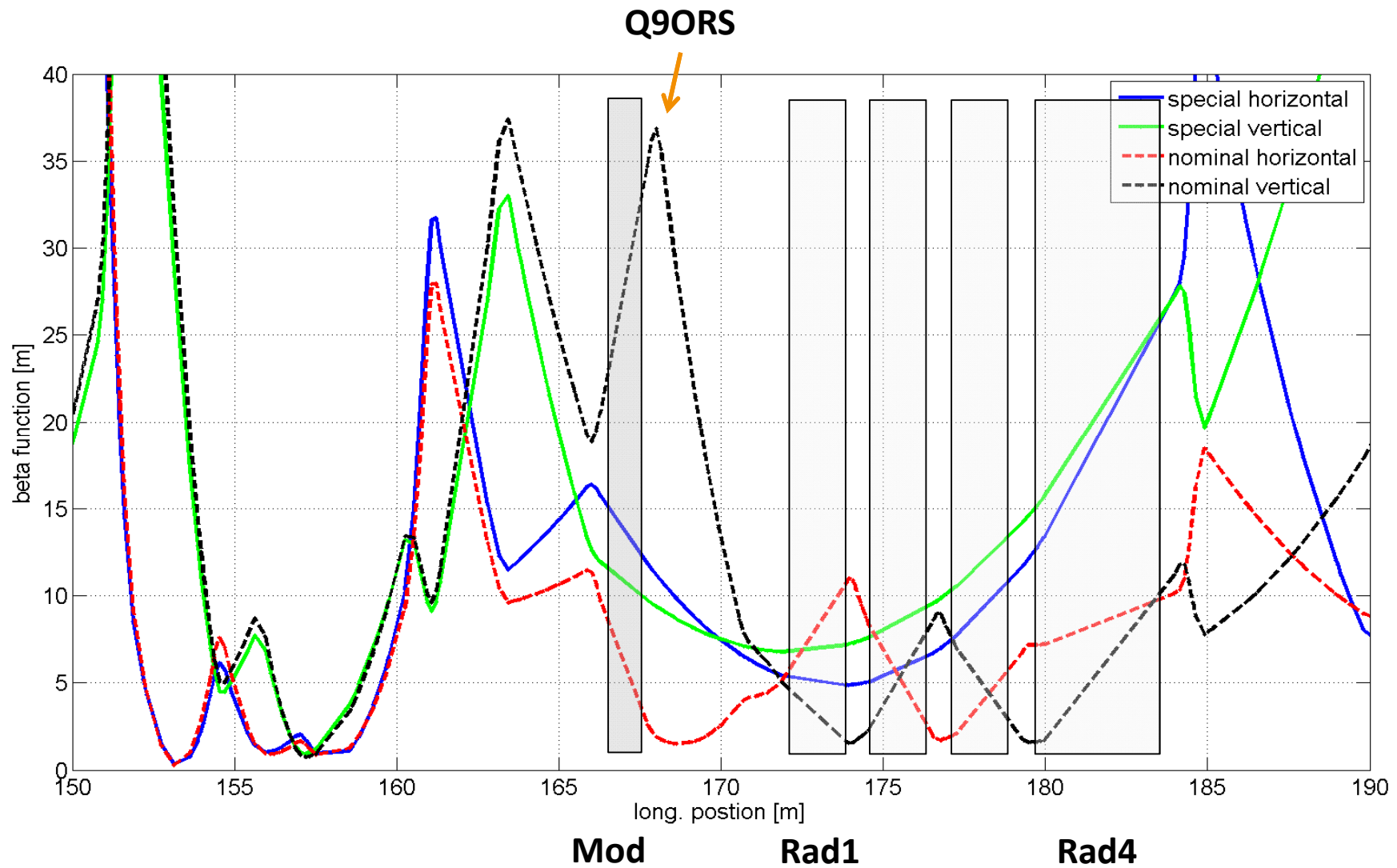


- Only quadrupoles in the radiator section are on movers as it was required for HHG seeding experiment.
- To avoid quadrupole kicks we switched off the quads between modulator and in the radiator

# Changing beam optics in seed section



# Changing beam optics in seed section (undulators open)





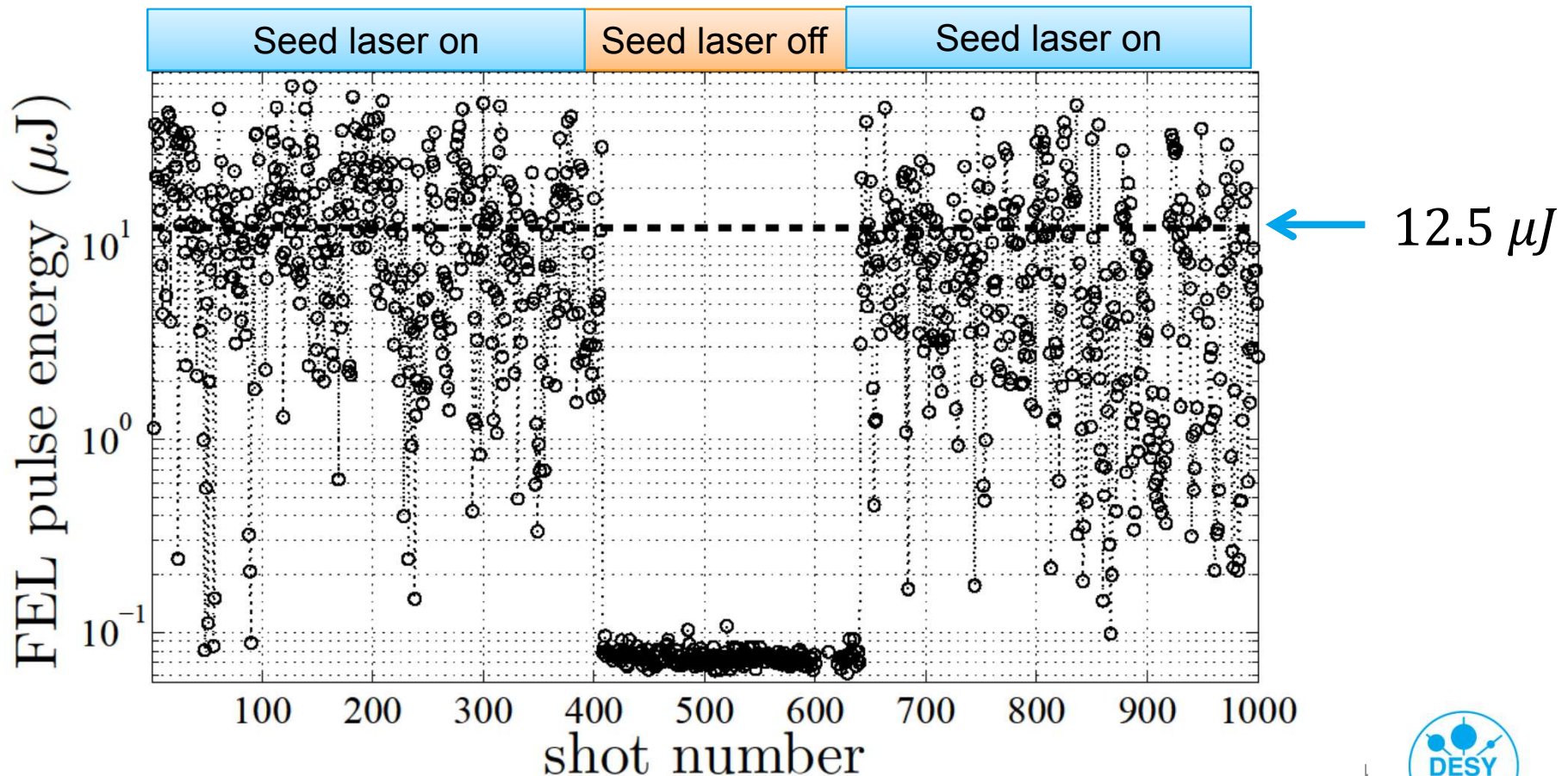
## FEL gain 38nm (7<sup>th</sup> harmonic)

➤ FEL pulse energy

mean pulse energy:  $(12.5 \pm 12) \mu\text{J}$

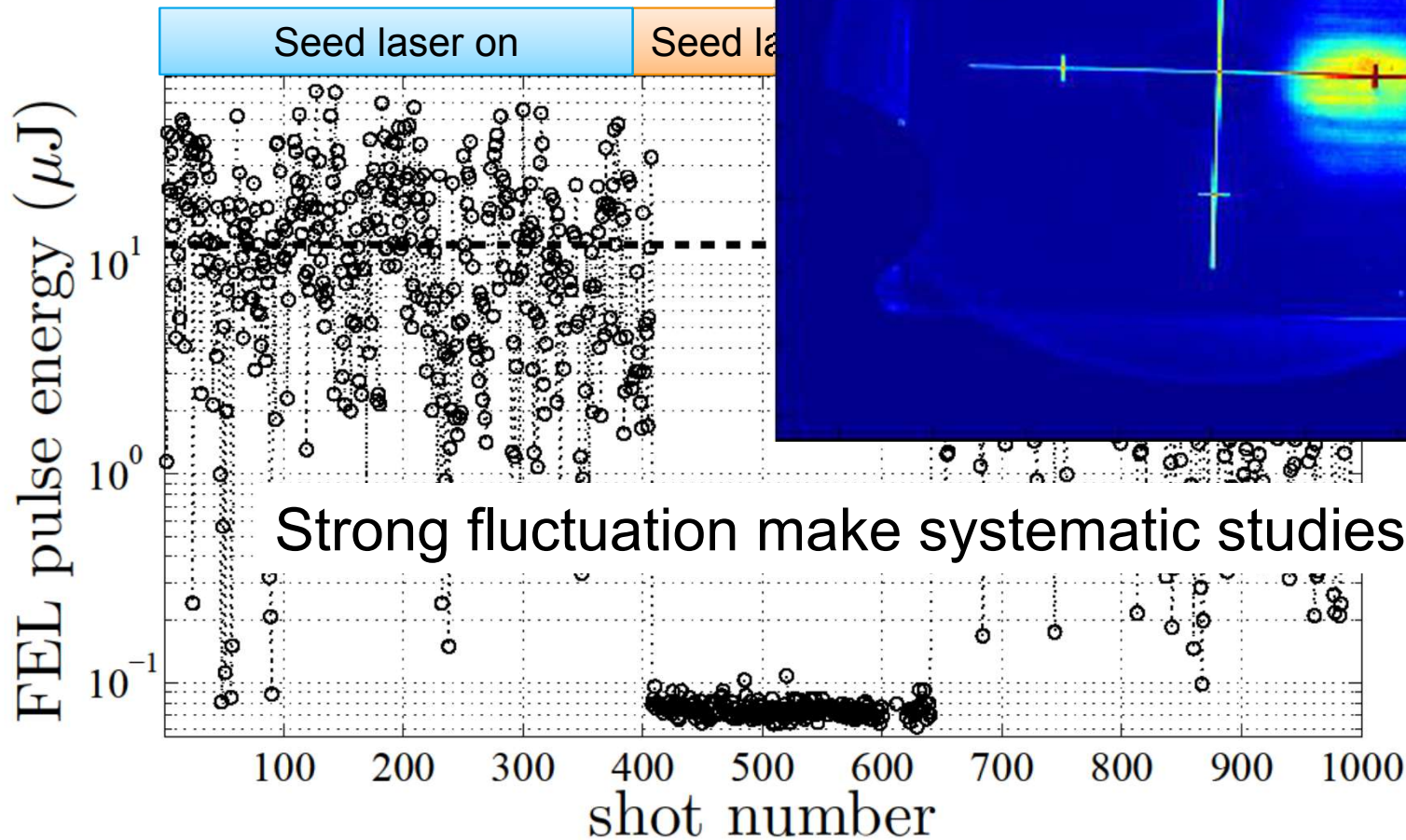
maximum pulse energy:  **$75 \mu\text{J}$**

estimated gain length:  $\sim 0.9 \text{ m}$



# FEL gain 38nm (7<sup>th</sup> harmonic)

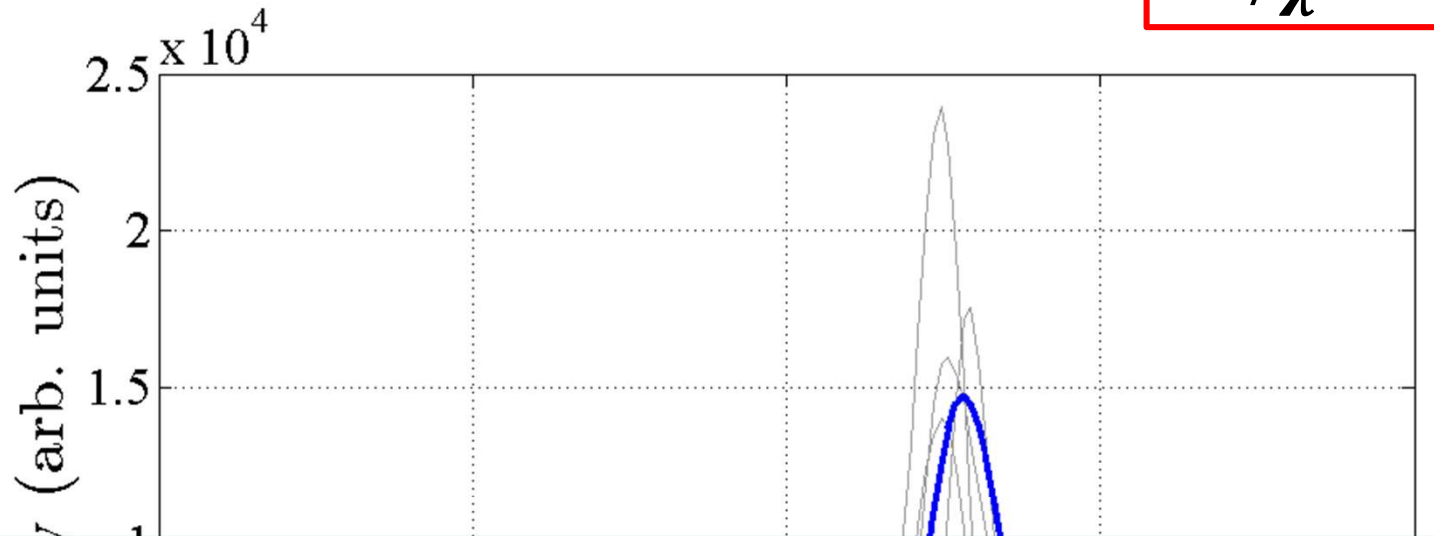
➤ FEL beam profile



## FEL gain 38nm (7<sup>th</sup> harmonic)

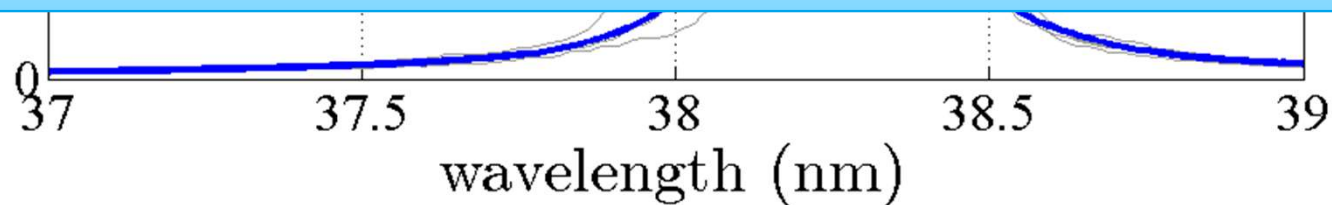
➤ Spectra of HGHG (second run **May, 1<sup>st</sup> 2015**)

$$\Delta\lambda/\lambda \sim 5.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$$



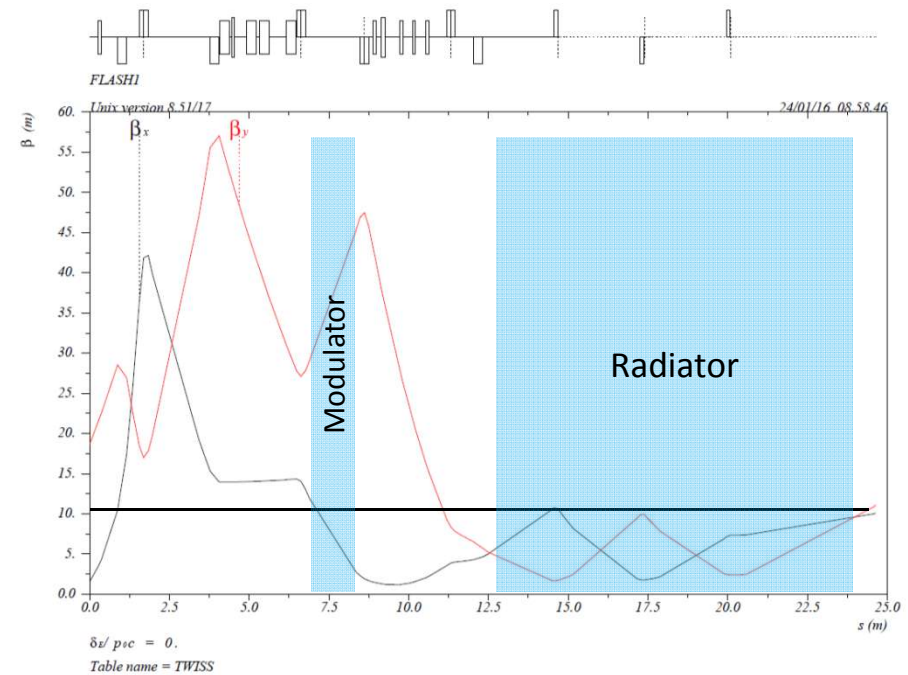
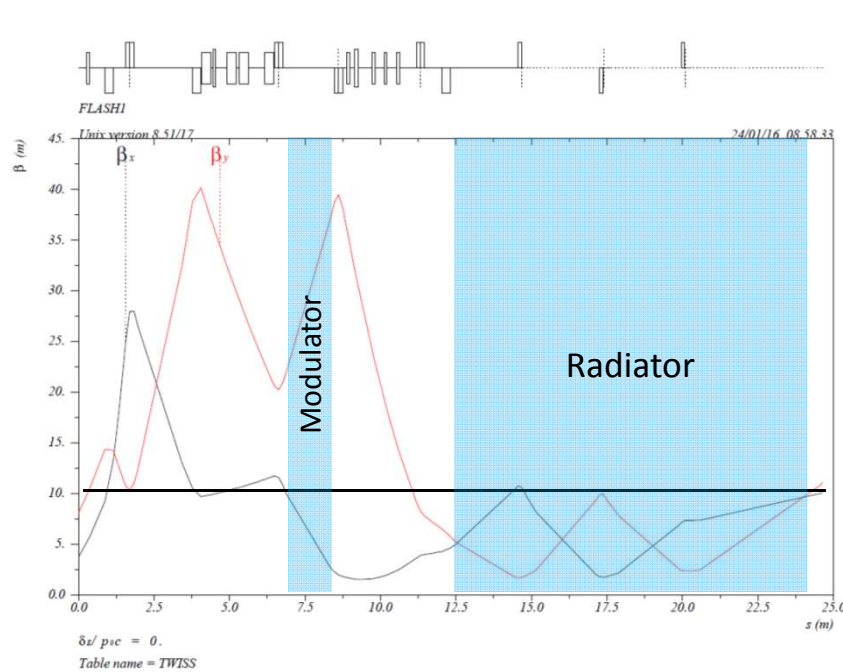
Data with special seeding optics

Realignment of quadrupoles Q9ORS and Q12ORS in shutdown 2015





# Nominal FLASH1 optics (design vs. measured)



- Example of optics setup in seeding section
- Optics measurements are done with uncompressed e-beam (minimum e-spread)



# Optics setup for seeding

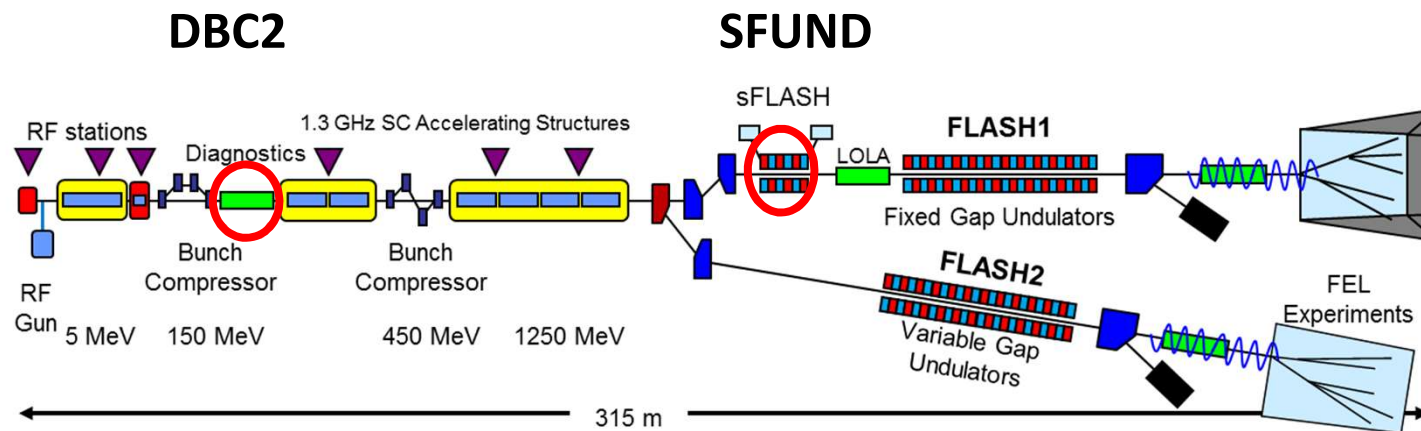
April 2016, Friday, 29/30.04.2016

## DBC2

Iteration	Mismatch parameter X / Y	Emittance X / Y [ $\mu\text{m rad}$ ]
1	2.827 / 3.012	0.59 / 0.59
2	1.204 / 1.574	0.53 / 0.60
3	1.127 / 1.042	0.55 / 0.57

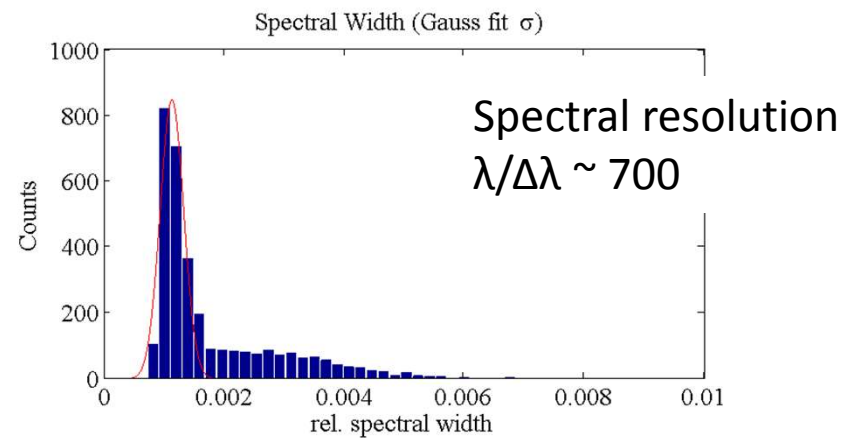
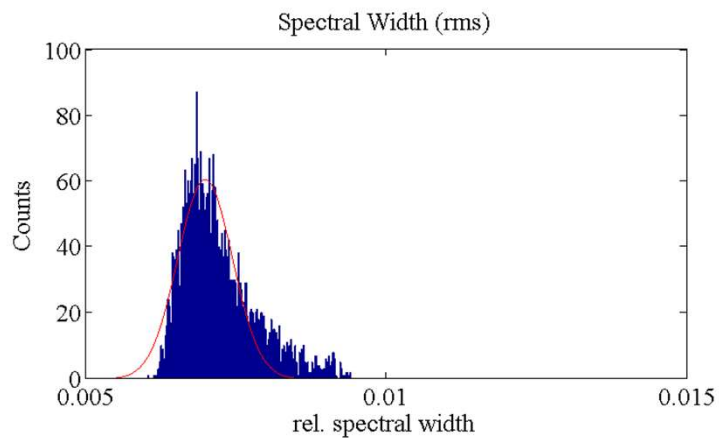
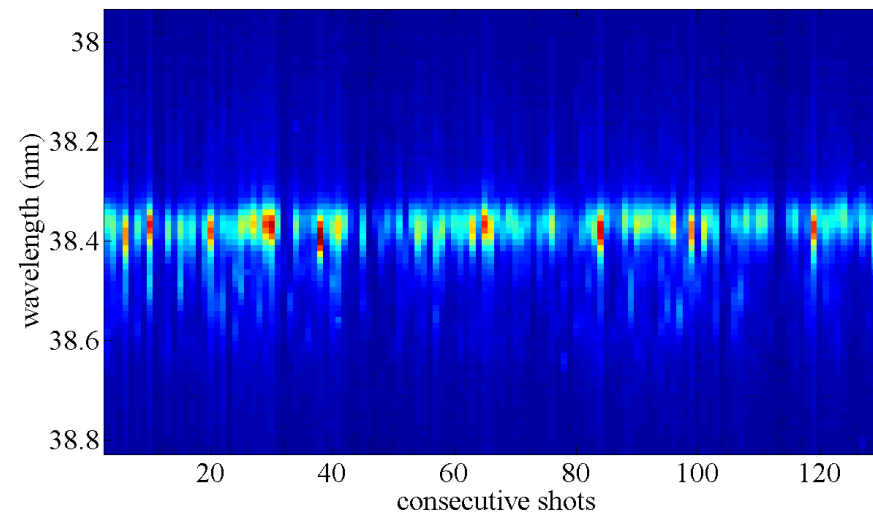
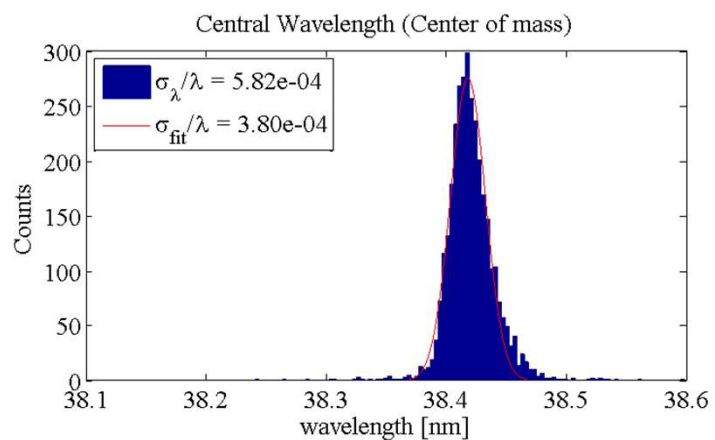
## SFUND

Iteration	Mismatch parameter X / Y	Emittance X / Y [ $\mu\text{m rad}$ ]
1	1.047 / 1.197	2.00 / 1.24
2	1.000 / 1.001	2.12 / 1.92



# HGHG at 7<sup>th</sup> harmonic

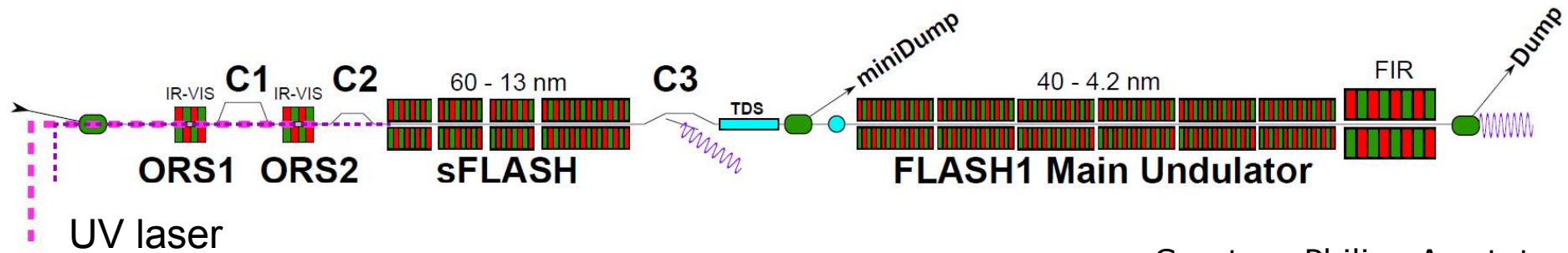
## ➤ Analysis of FEL spectra



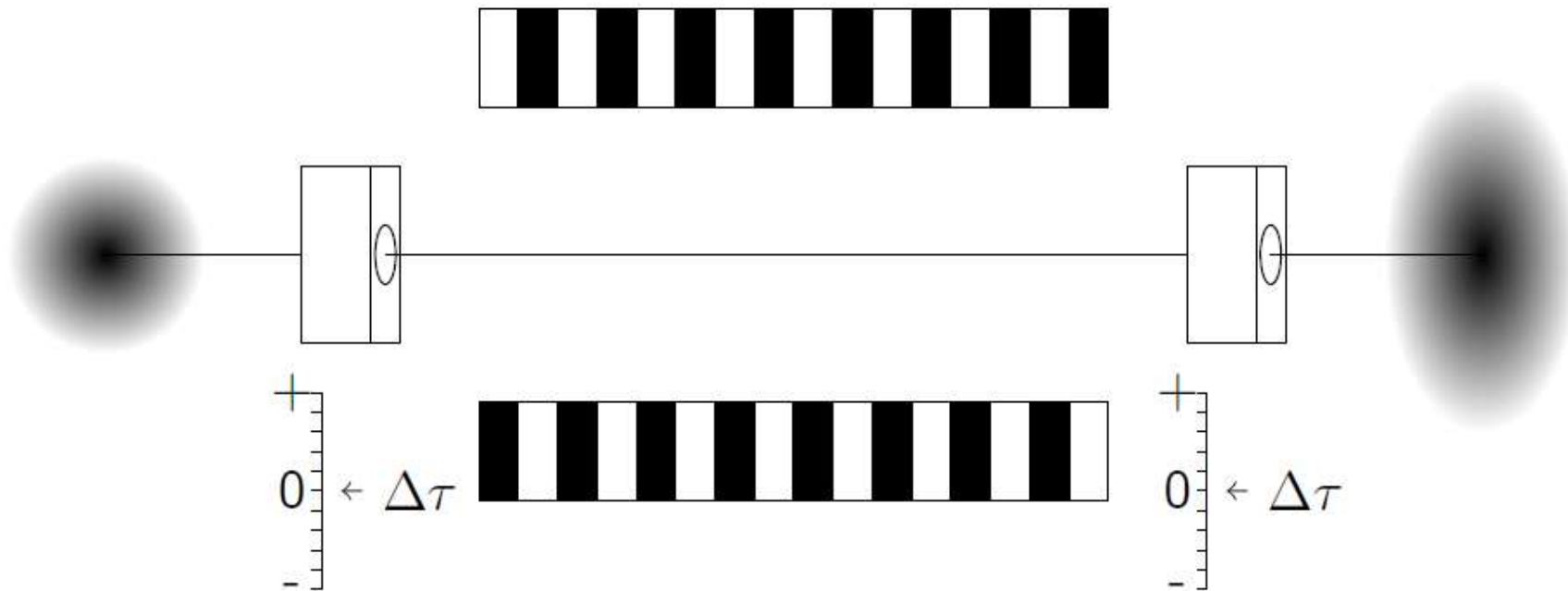
# *Optics compensation*



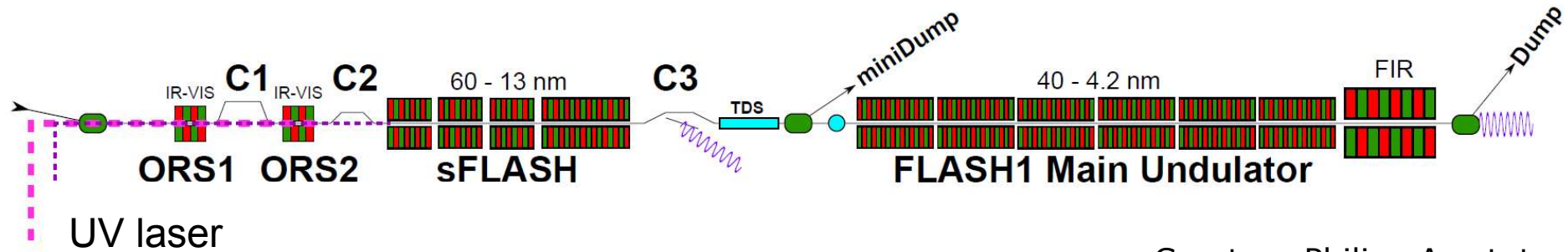
# Compensate effect of vertical undulator focusing for closed variable-gap undulators



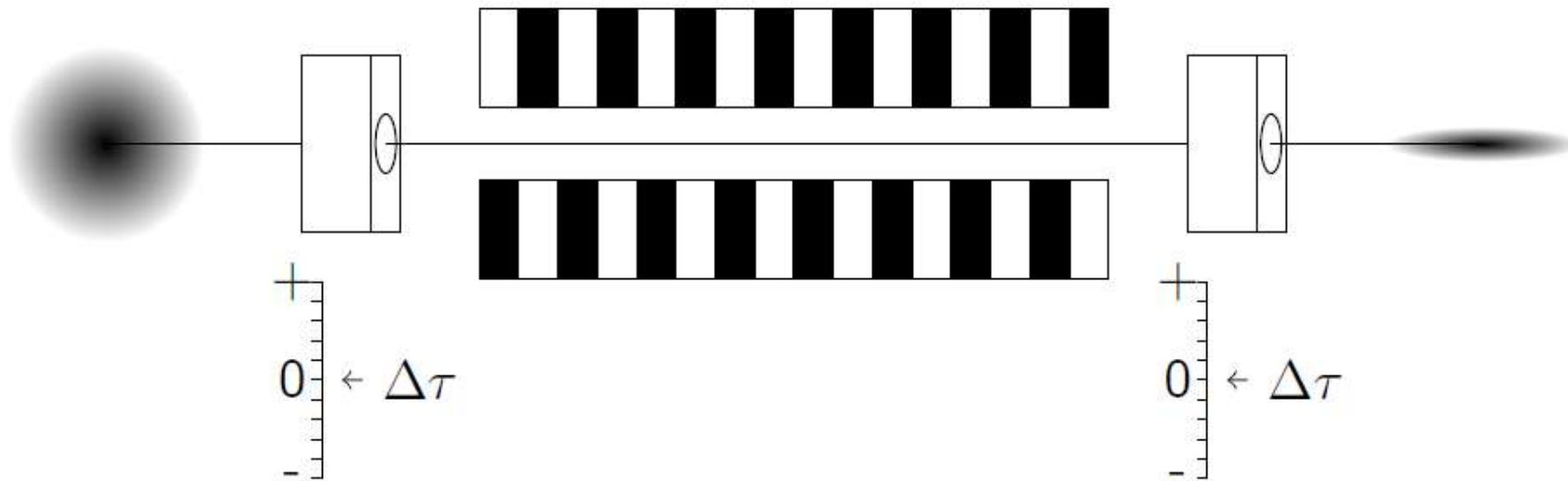
Courtesy Philipp Amstutz



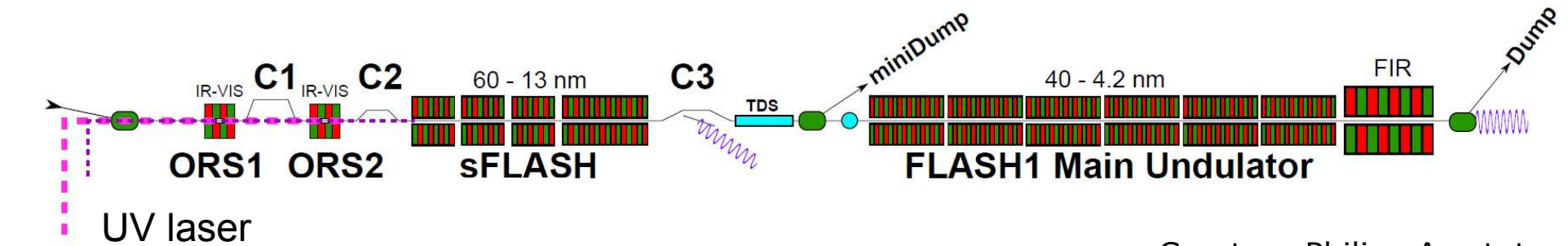
# Compensate effect of vertical undulator focusing for closed variable-gap undulators



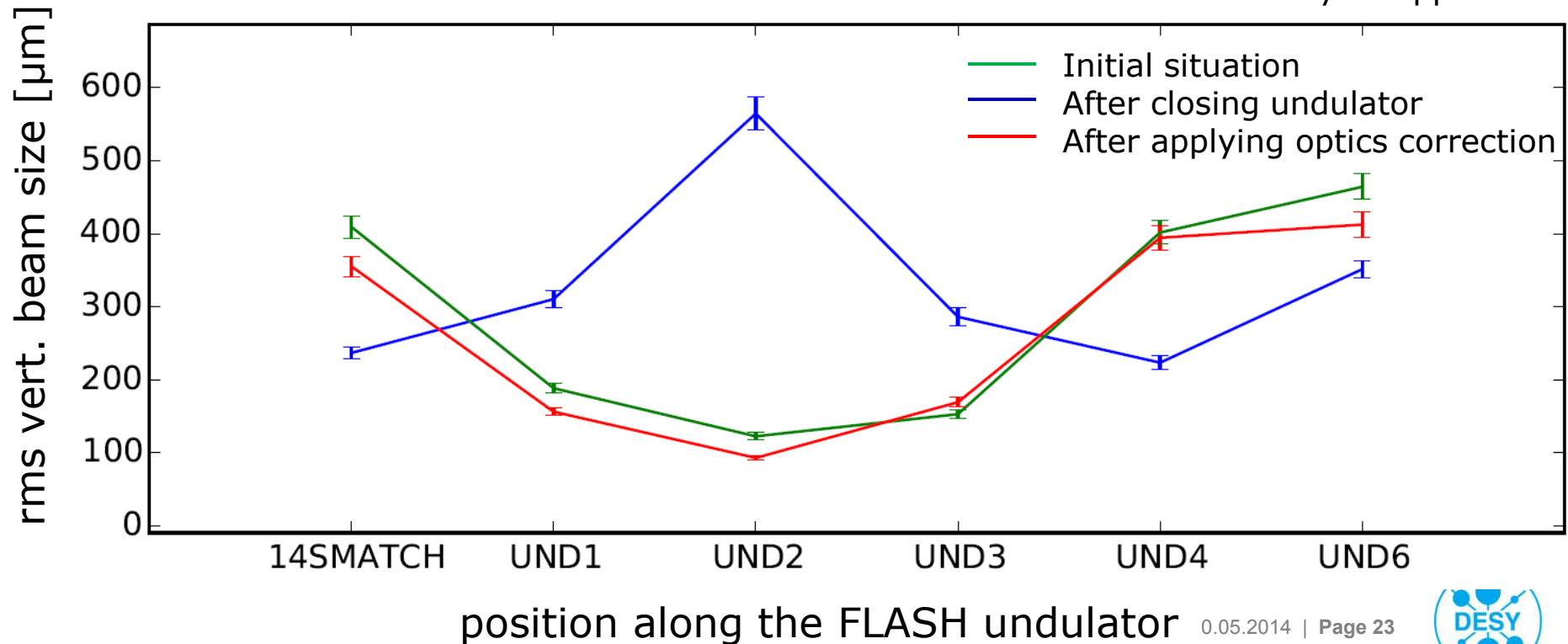
Courtesy Philipp Amstutz



# Compensate effect of vertical undulator focusing for closed variable-gap undulators



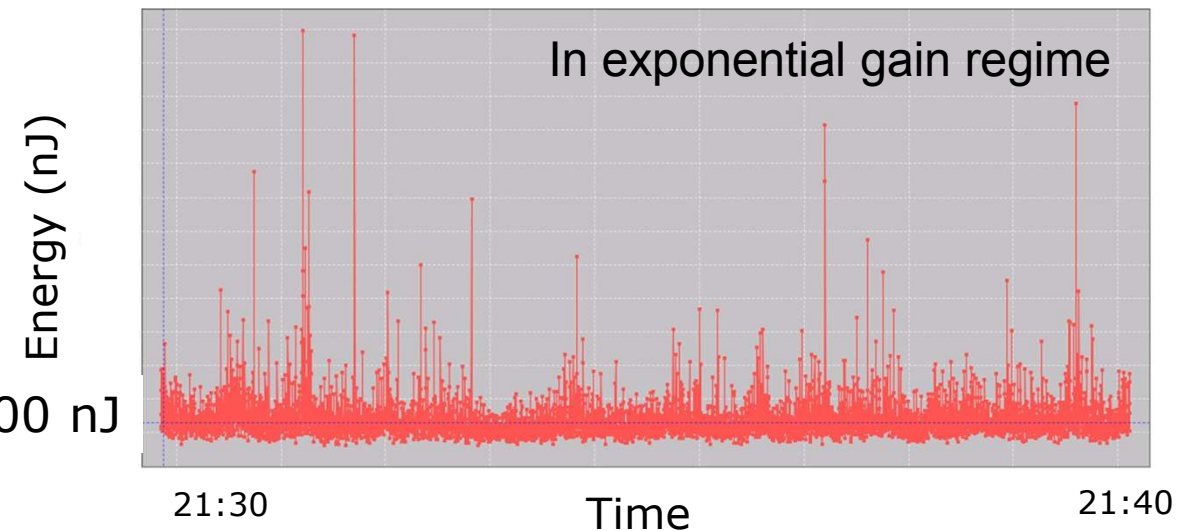
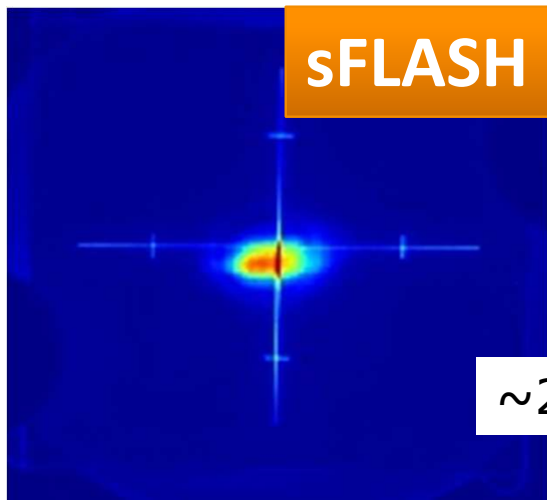
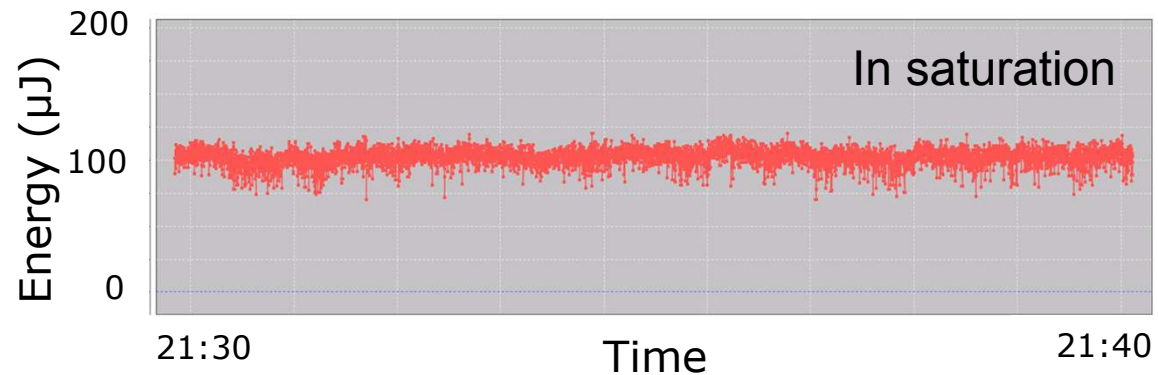
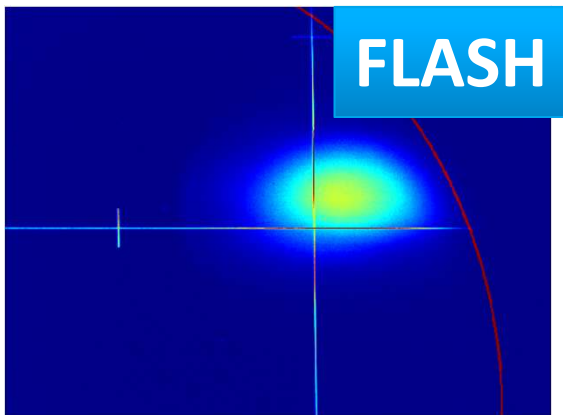
Courtesy Philipp Amstutz





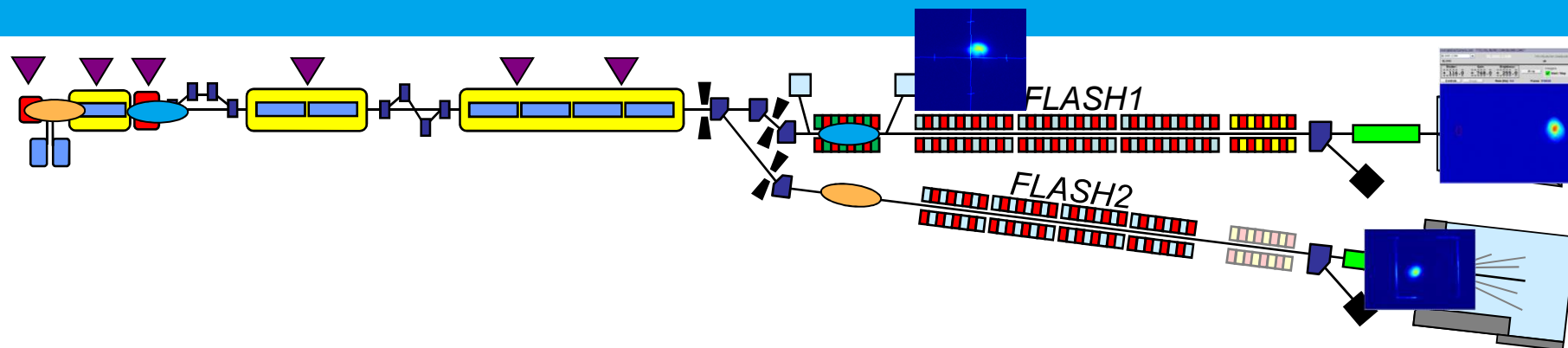
# Simultaneous operation (January 2015)

- Parallel operation of sFLASH@24nm SASE and FLASH@9nm SASE

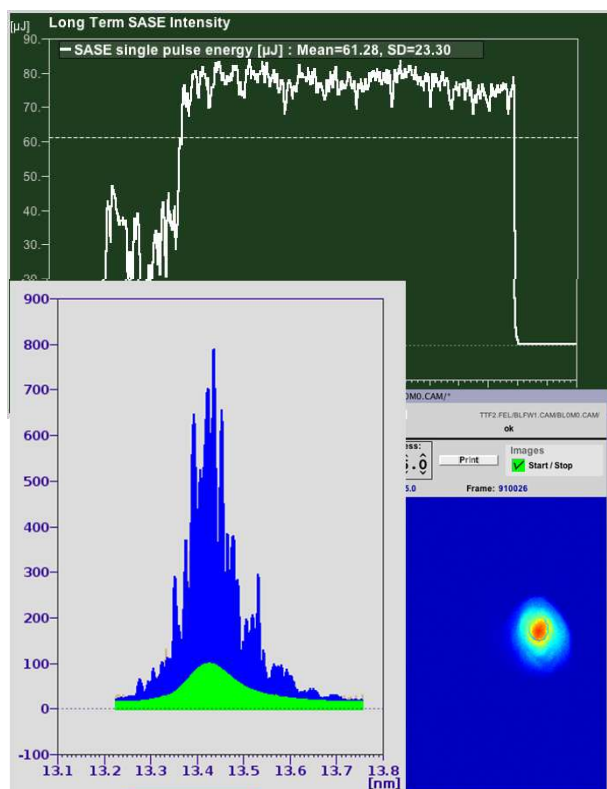




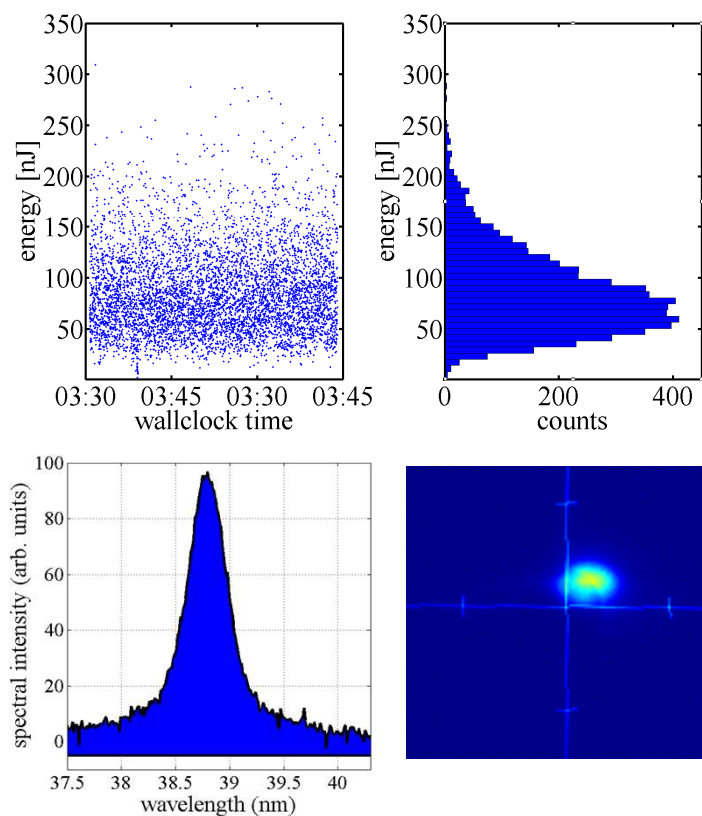
# Simultaneous operation (August 2015)



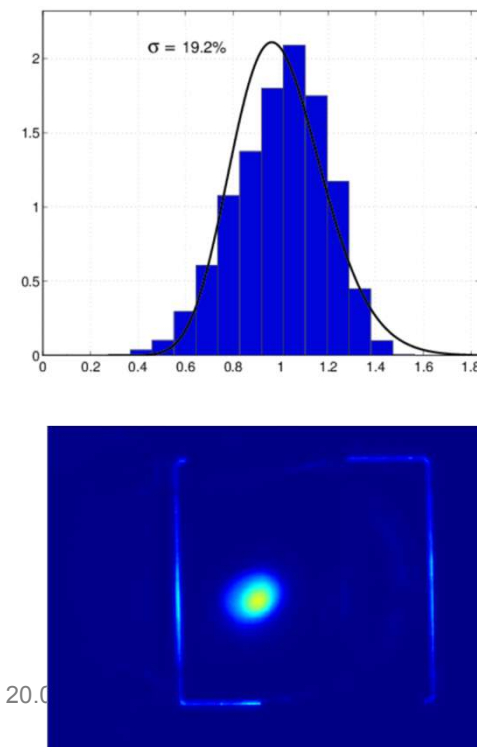
FLASH1 @ 13 nm



sFLASH @ 38 nm



FLASH2 @ 20 nm



# *Bunch compression studies*

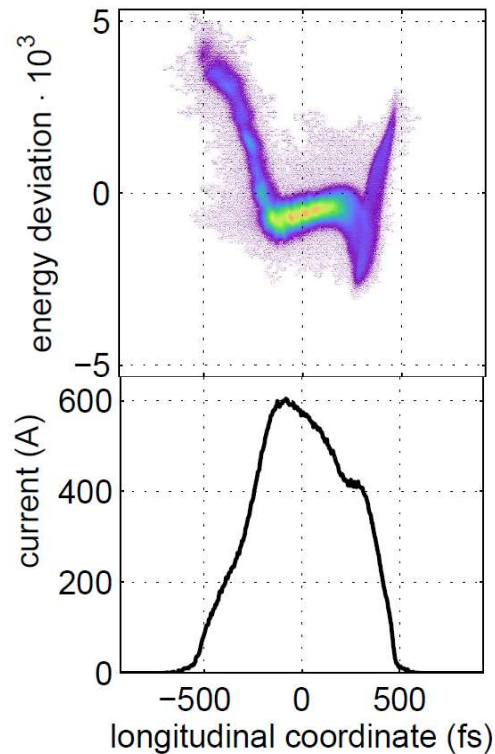


# Bunch compression studies (SASE vs. SEEDING)

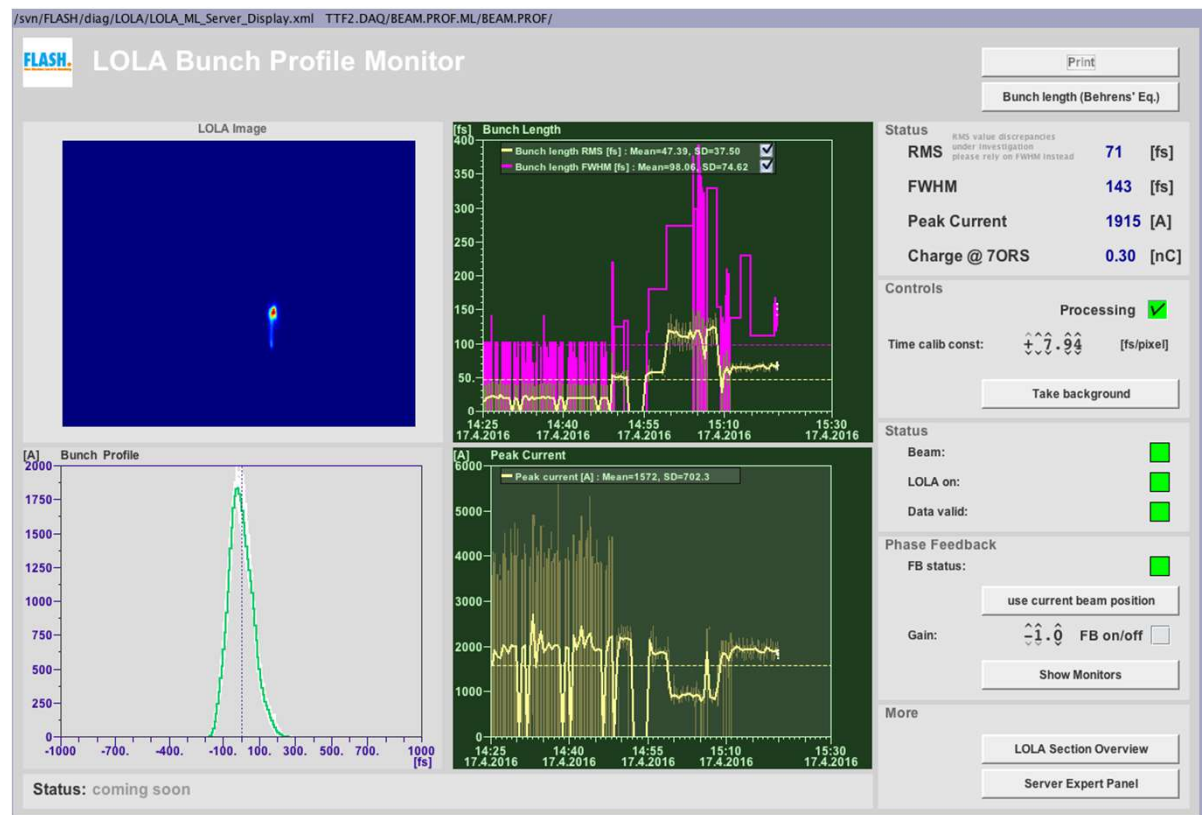
## ➤ Typical compression modes

### Seeding (0.4 nC)

SDUMP bunch #1 of 1  
2016-01-28T214701-image-SDUMP



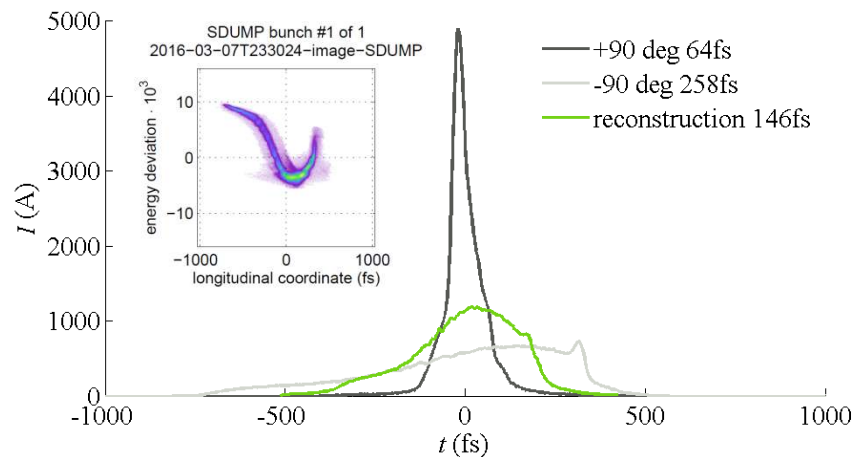
### SASE (e.g. 0.3 nC)



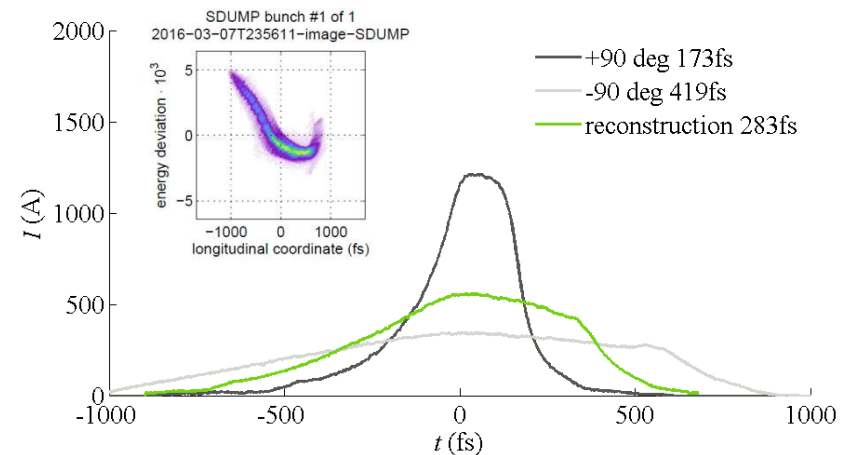
# Bunch compression studies (SASE vs. SEEDING)

- In view of FLASH2 a compression setting needs to be established which allows SASE operation in FLASH1 and seeded operation in FLASH2
- Ansatz 1:
  - Setup SASE in FLASH1 and FLASH2 with same bunch compression settings (check TDS)
  - Keep FLASH2 under SASE and decompress for FLASH1 and setup seeding in sFLASH

## SASE in FLASH1



## Seeding in sFLASH



# Bunch compression studies (SASE vs. SEEDING)

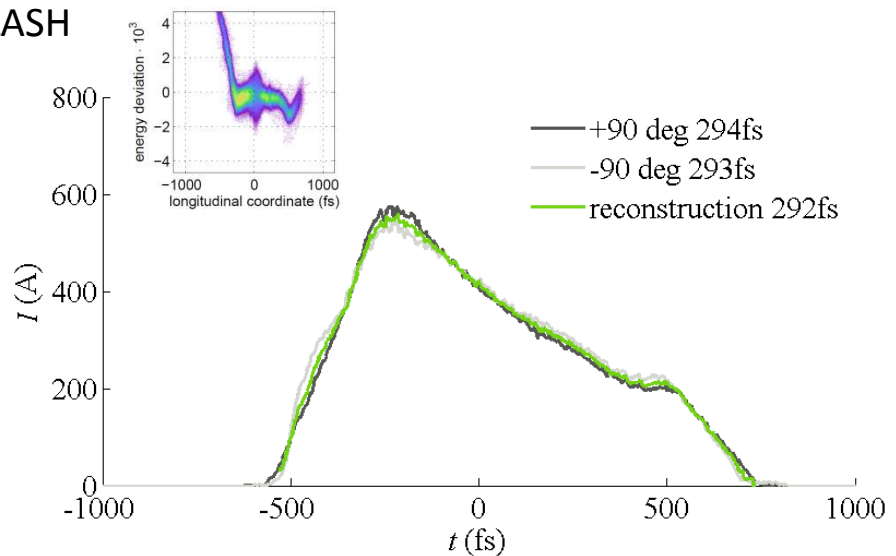
➤ In view of FLASH2 a compression setting needs to be established which allows SASE operation in FLASH1 and seeded operation in FLASH2

➤ Ansatz 1:

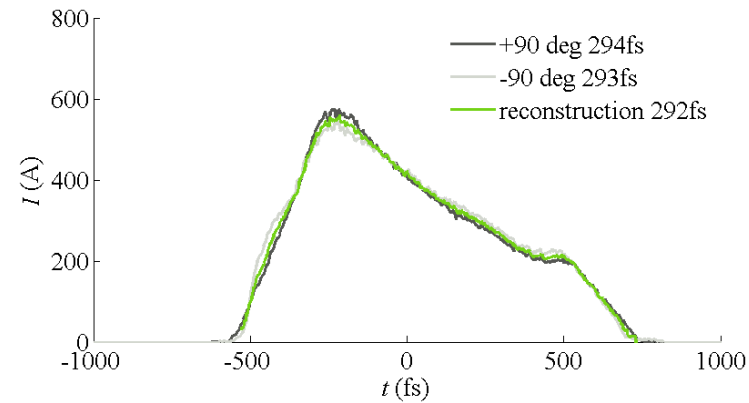
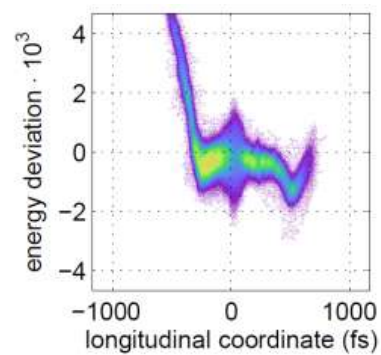
- Setup SASE in FLASH1 and FLASH2 with same bunch compression settings (check TDS)
- Keep FLASH2 under SASE and decompress for FLASH1 and setup seeding in sFLASH

➤ Ansatz 2 (MD last week 30.04.2016 and 13.05.2016):

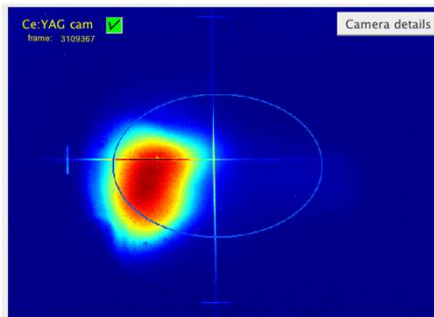
- Setup compression mode for seeding in sFLASH
- Further compress e-bunch (TDS monitor)
- Setup SASE in FLASH1 and FLASH2



# Bunch compression studies (SASE vs. SEEDING)

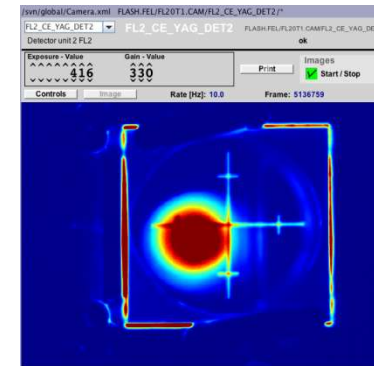


## SASE in FLASH1



Single shot pulse energy  
 $\sim 10 \mu\text{J}$

## SASE in FLASH2

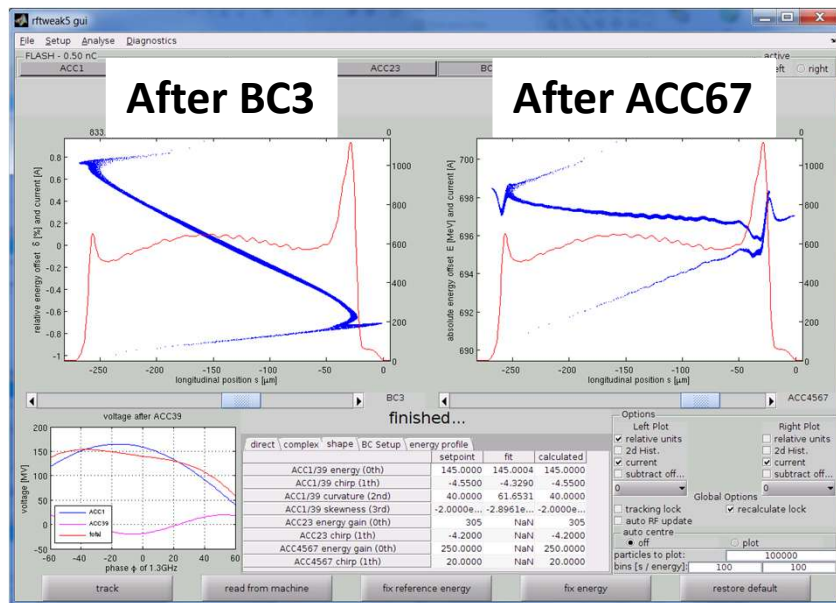


Single shot pulse energy  
 $\sim 220 \mu\text{J}$

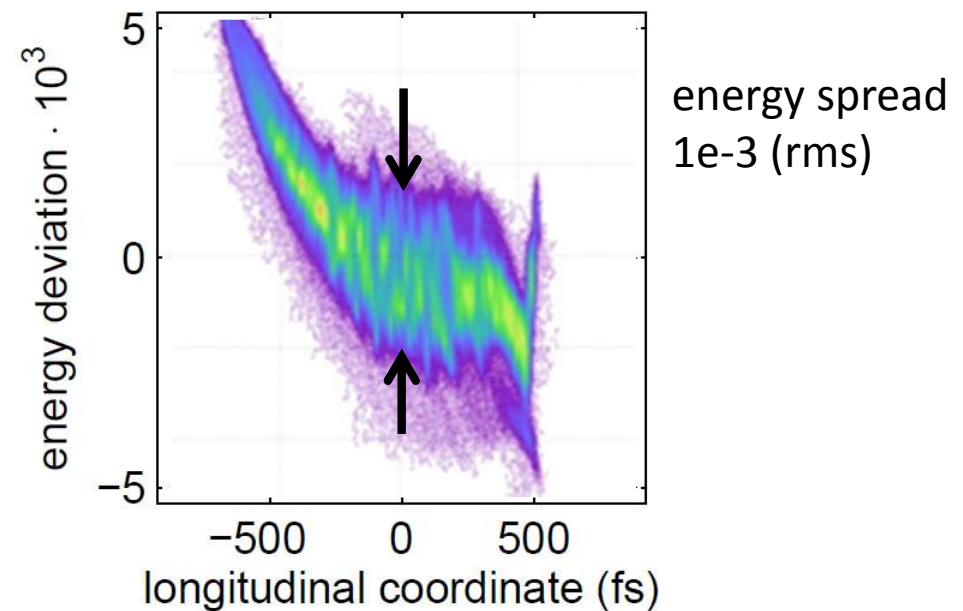
# Impact of bunch compression on Microbunching Instability (MBI)

- Example for a flat-top current profile and low energy chirp

Modell



Reality



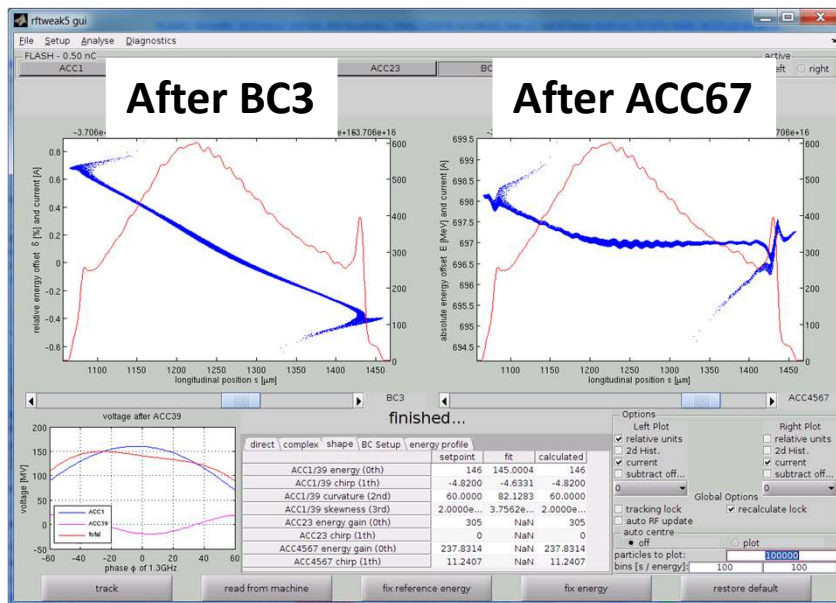
- Very low HGHG signal observed
- Noisy spectrum



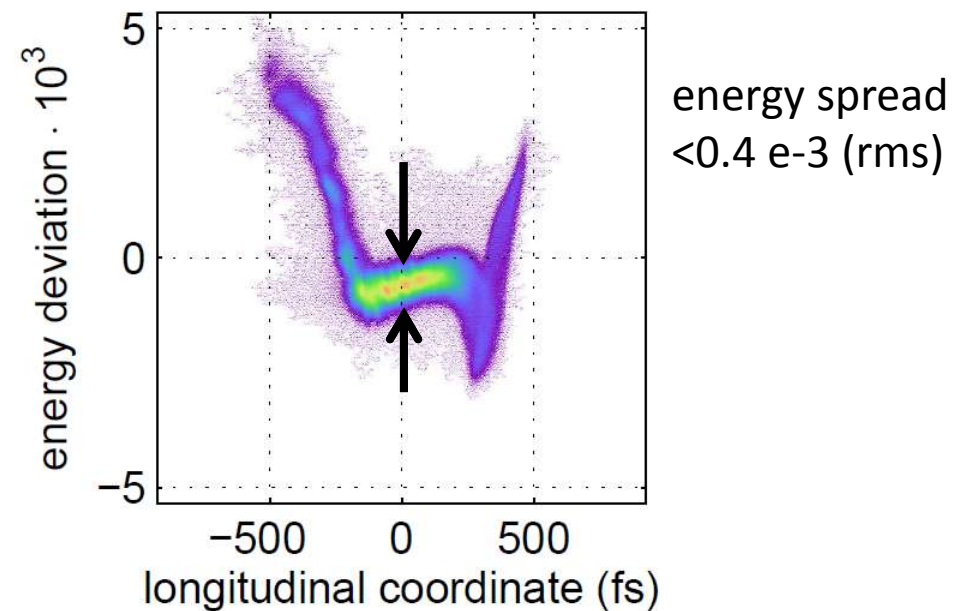
# Impact of bunch compression on Microbunching Instability (MBI)

- Example for a current profile with low energy chirp

Modell



Reality



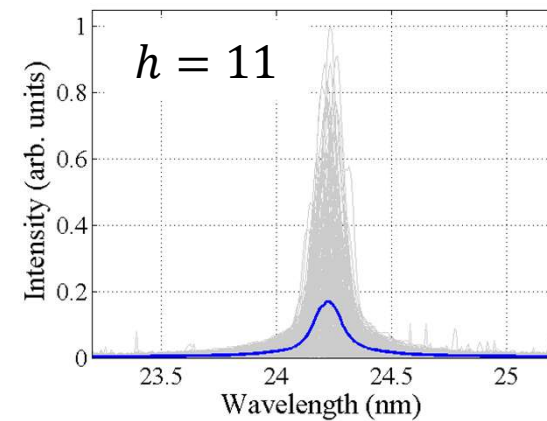
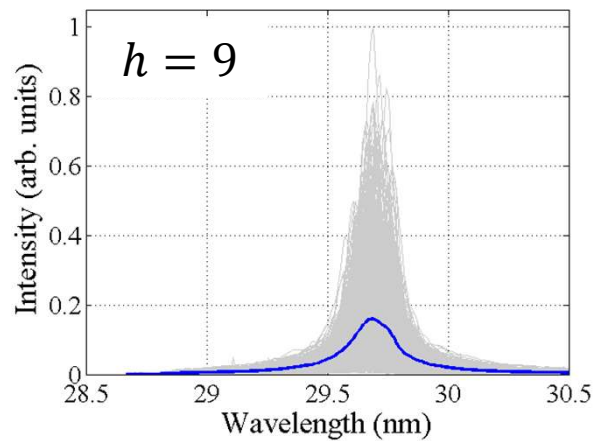
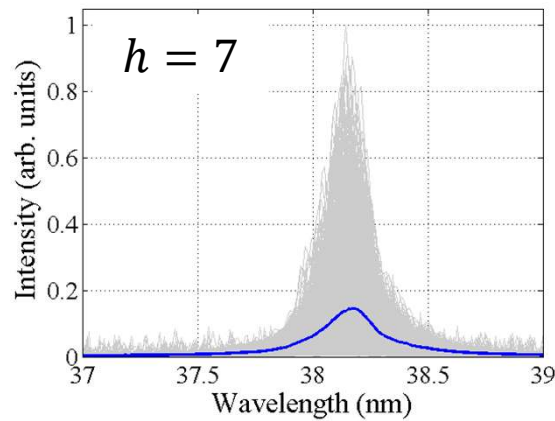
- Good HGHG output
- Clean spectrum



# Bunching at 9<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> harmonic

➤ Electron bunch compression unchanged ( $I_{\text{peak}} = 600\text{A}$ )

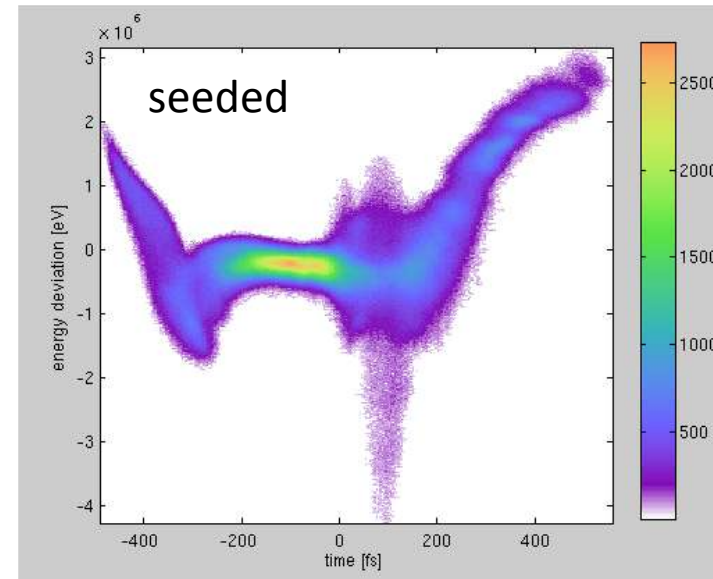
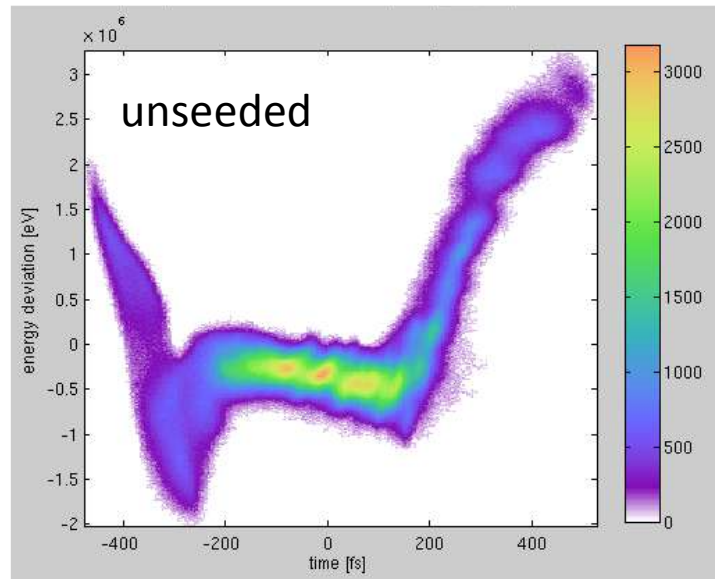
$$\lambda_{\text{seed}} = 267 \text{ nm}$$



## *7th harm. HGHG characterization*



# Effect of seeding on long. phase space distribution



Changes in LPS distribution allow for characterization of photon pulse power profile:

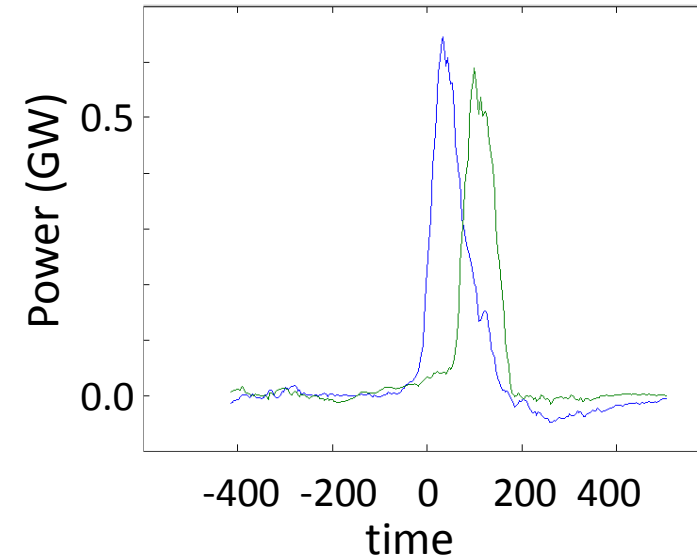
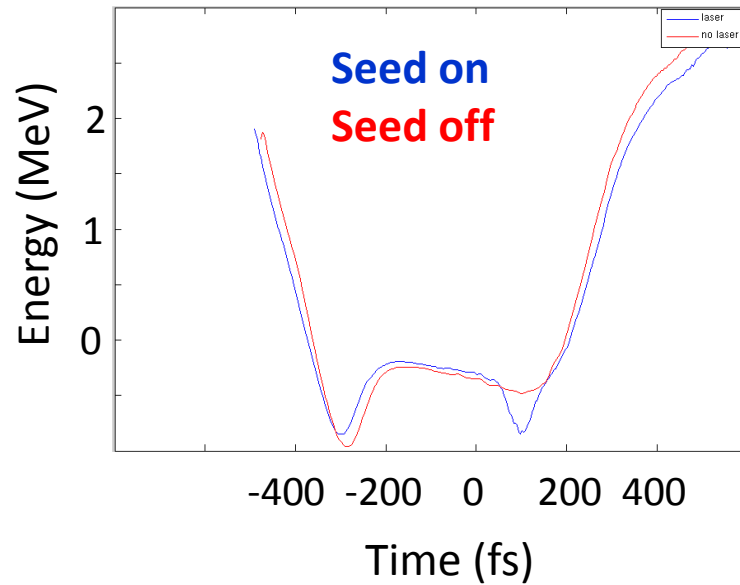
**Energy drop method**

$$P(t_i) = \Delta E(t_i) \cdot I(t_i)/e$$

**Energy spread method**

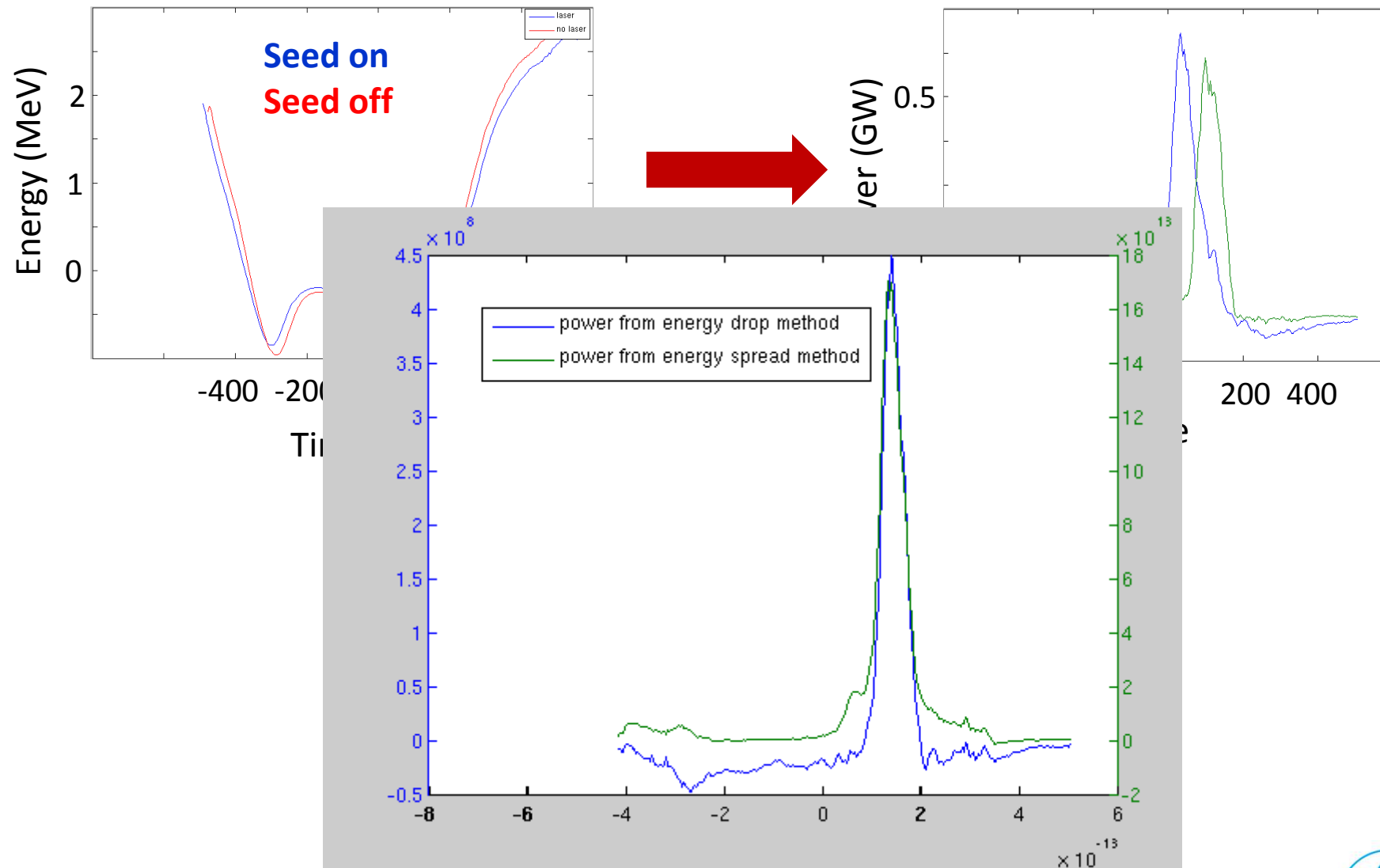
$$P(t_i) \propto [\sigma_{E_{on}}^2 - \sigma_{E_{off}}^2] \cdot I(t_i)^{2/3}$$

# Effect of seeding on long. phase space distribution

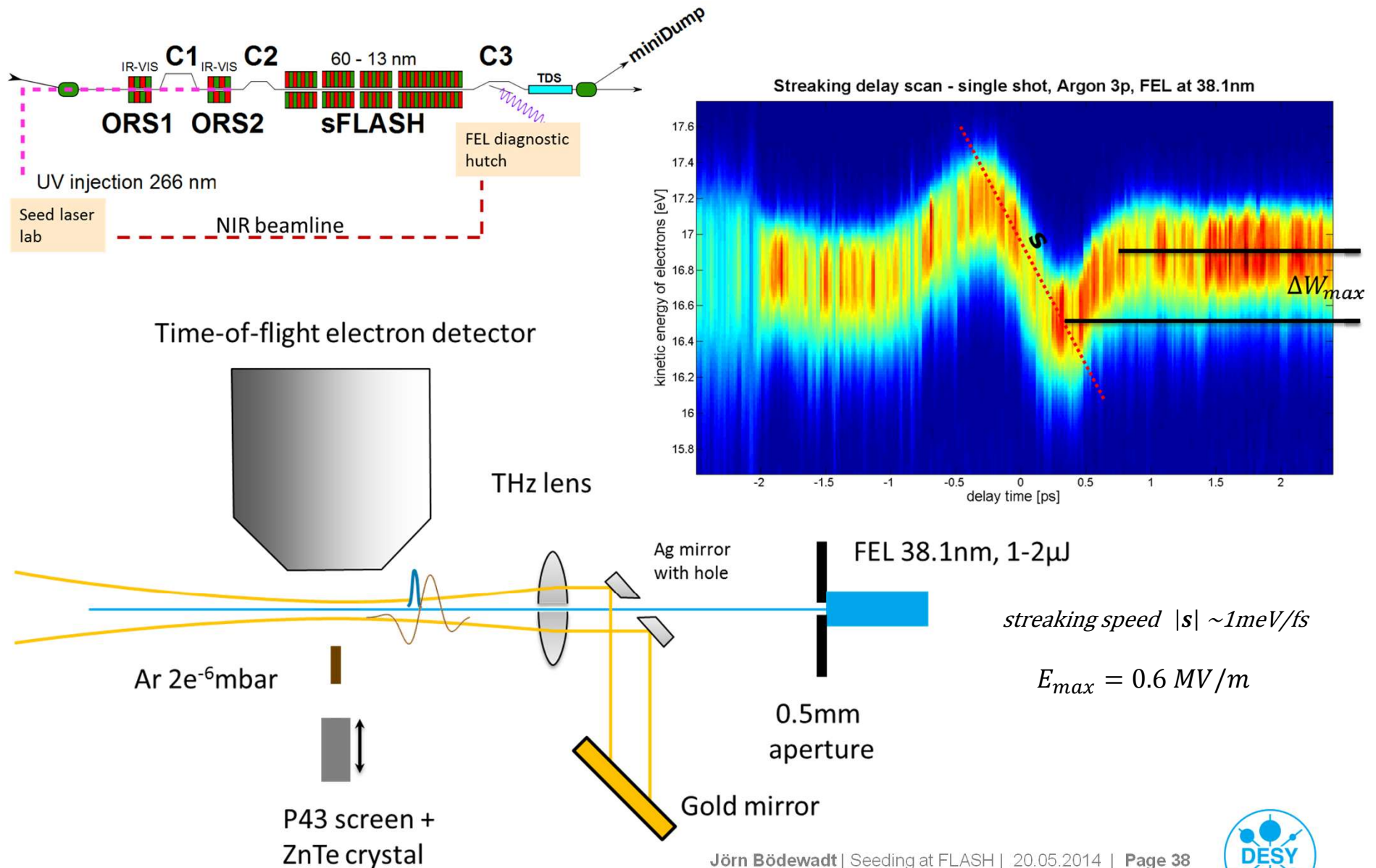


	Blue shot	Green shot
Approx. fwhm duration	84 fs	76 fs
Energy	57.6 uJ	48.2 uJ

# Comparison: energy drop vs. energy spread method



# Scheme of THz streaking camera



# Seeding at FLASH

- > We established a standard procedure for the machine setup to guarantee reproducible operation conditions:
  - Control of electron beam optics (injector and seeding section)
  - Control of bunch compression
  - Setup and control of laser-electron overlap
  - FEL optimization
- > 7<sup>th</sup> harm. HGHG operation at 38 nm (saturation)
- > Bunching up to 11<sup>th</sup> harm. verified
- > Temporal XUV characterization ongoing
- > Simultaneous operation of sFLASH (seeded) and FLASH2 (SASE)
- > Simultaneous operation of SASE in sFLASH, FLASH1, and FLASH2



# *Outlook*





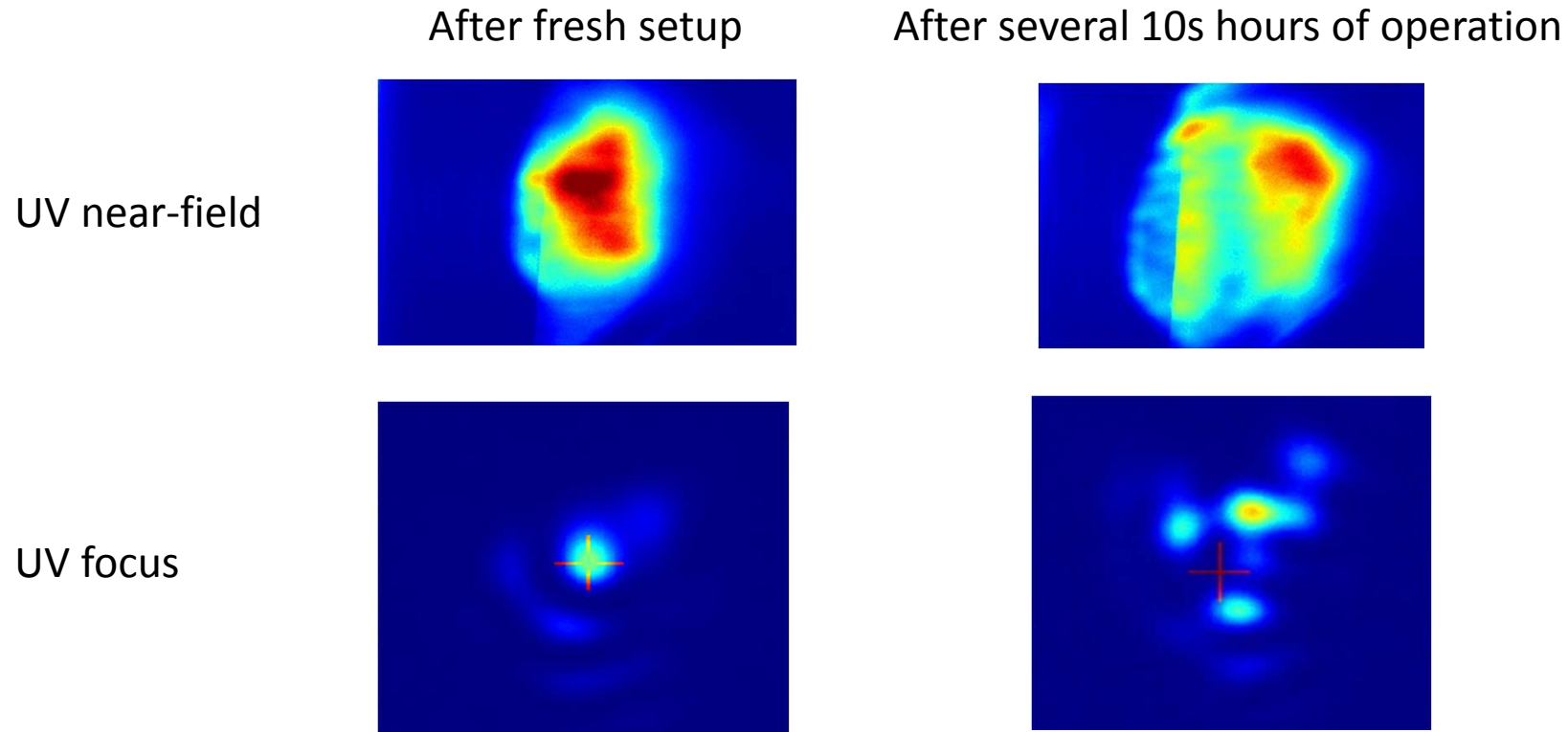
# Upgrade is needed for injection beamline to eliminate...

- > Access restrictions to tripler and critical diagnostics in controlled access area
  - More beamtime, longer operations -> increased probability of issues (e.g. tripler failure on 01.29)
  - Currently FLASH maintenance time is extremely limited: ~4hrs. per every 2 -3 weeks!
  
- > Lack of real-time diagnostics & space constraints in tunnel for further development
  - Having a in-lab tripler does not provide any real-time (non-invasive) measurements
  
- > Inability to meet future double-pulse (EEHG) seeding requirement
  - A single tripler can not provide 10 GW peak power in the interaction regions



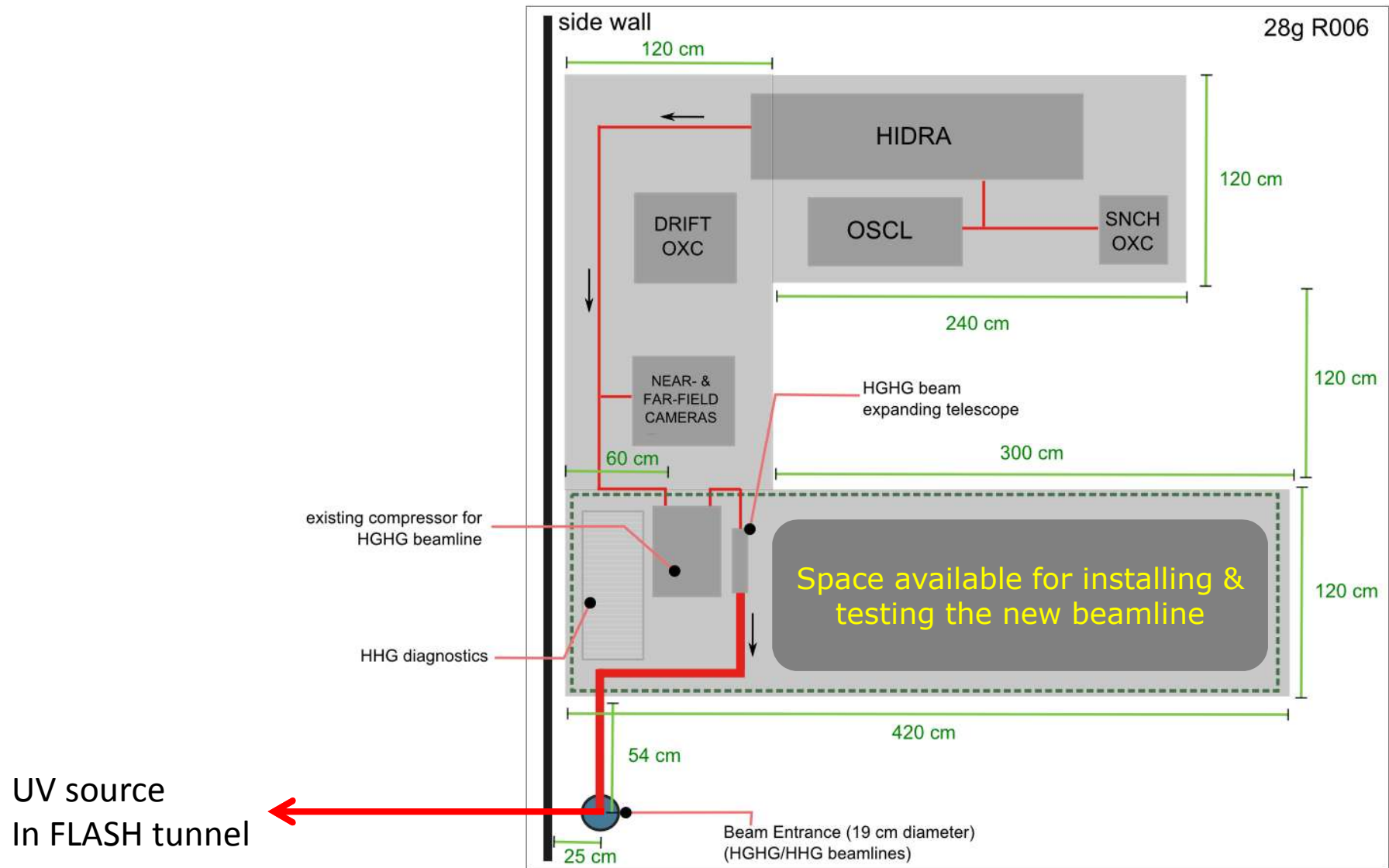
# Upgrade of UV injection

## > Degradation of UV source

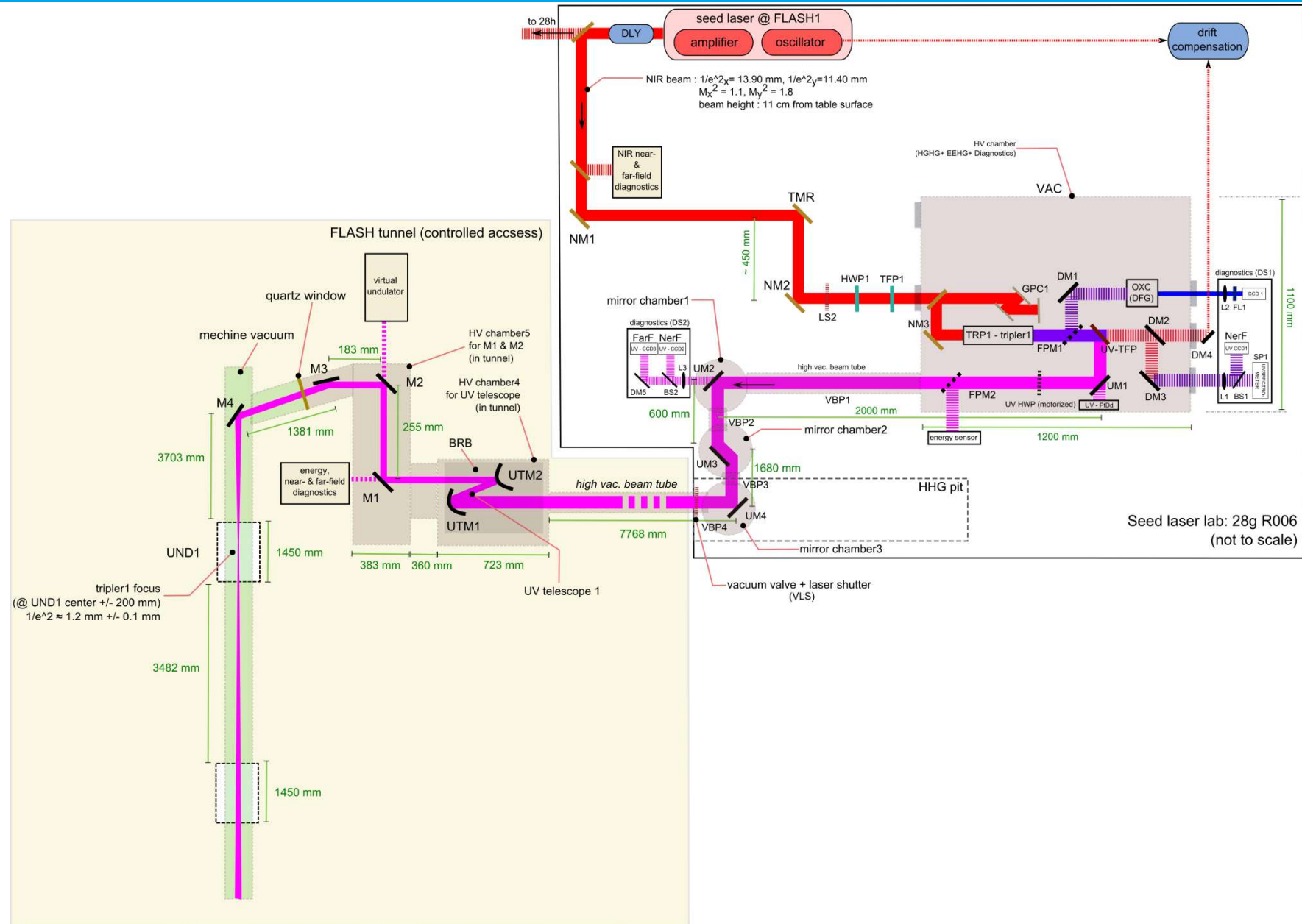


## > UV source currently installed in FLASH tunnel

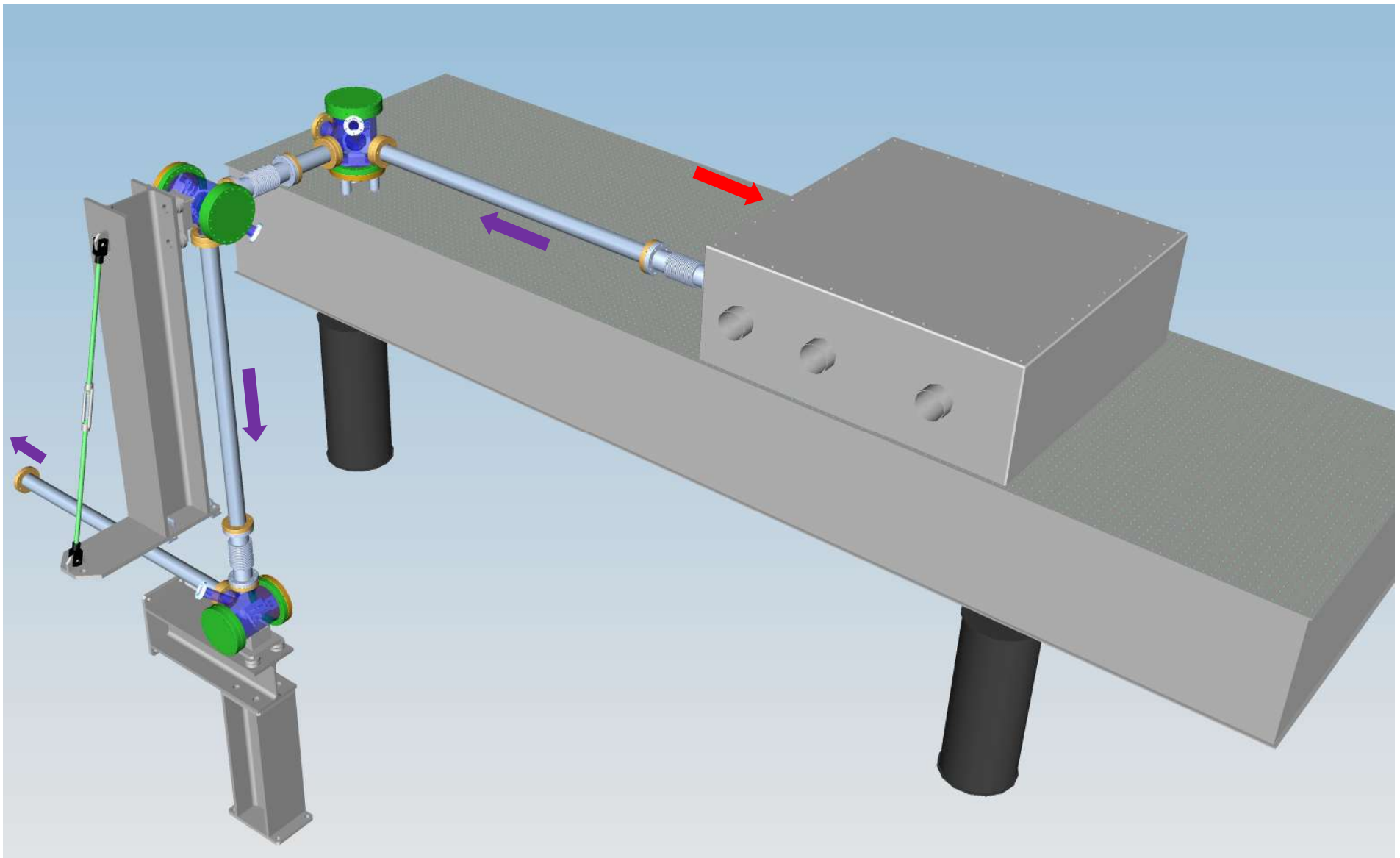
# Seed Laser Lab: Current Layout



# New Seed Injection Beamline Design : Phase 01 (2015-2016)



# Vacuum Beamline Design



> On behalf of the seeding team

***Thank you for your attention***

